

Vulcan Advocate

VOL. II. NO 43

VULCAN, ALBERTA JUNE 16, 1915

PRICE \$1.50 PER YEAR

MOSQUITOS

Will not bother you if you use
SKEETER SKOOT

25c. and 50c. per bottle.

FLY WAY

For use on stock, will keep them free from the fly nuisance.

D. C. JONES

DRUGGIST

Small Journal

VULCAN

FIRST

THAT IS THE RATING OF OUR COMPANY

INSURE NOW WITH US
In The North Western National of Milwaukee

Every Farmer who has insured with this company, and was hailed, has given us his insurance again.

What more assurance do you want.

ARTHUR MITCHELL & CO.
REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND NOTARIES

WHEAT \$1.50

Per bushel. Lots of moisture, crops assured. Good, first class wheat land at prices ranging from \$11 to \$25 per acre on any kind of terms you want. 30 bushels to the acre. Will let you figure whether you let your money lie in the bank at 3 per cent or put it where you can double it. INVESTMENT. Never again in the history of this district will you be able to buy at the price and terms you can now. See us and be convinced.

Don't forget to insure your crops, mares in foal, valuable horses, buildings etc., and above all, your life.

MILTON F. EARP
VULCAN ALBERTA

BLACKSMITHING

D. McPHERSON & Co., have opened a Blacksmith Shop at KIRKALDY.

All work promptly executed. Plow Shares, \$2.25 for 12 inch, \$2.50 for 14 inch, \$2.75 for 16 inch, \$3.00 for 18 inch.

LADIES

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKER

I am open to do all kinds of ladies sewing by the day.

Prices Reasonable. Room in Shaw Block
MISS MABEL COLWELL

Insure: Your: Crops

With Flood & Whicher **Early** Vulcan, Alberta

The farmer who says "next week will do", may be too late, and it costs no more to insure now.

Our companies will return the premium in full should the crop suffer damage from any cause other than hail, provided same is plowed under by August 10th.

You run no risk by insuring early, and you do run a big risk by delay.

Be on the safe side and insure NOW.

We accept Cash or Notes, and allow 25% discount on notes paid by August 1st.

Remember we are agents for the three leading companies

THE CANADA SECURITY
BRITISH CROWN ASSURANCE
CANADA HAIL

Flood & Whicher

VULCAN

...AGENTS...

ALBERTA

Ladies and Gent's Clothes
Cleaned, Pressed and Repaired

P. GILLESPIE

TAILOR, COSTUMIER

Best Workmanship
Guaranteed

French Dry Cleaning
a Specialty

Suits Made to Measure

VULCAN, ALBERTA

Shoe Repairs

Every description of repair work neatly and promptly executed.

Shop Opposite the Depot:

W. F. BRADIN

Vulcan, Alberta.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF CALGARY

In the Matter of the Tax Enforcement Return For The Rural Municipality of Marquis, No. 157, In The Province of Alberta.

NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of the "Rural Municipality Act" in that behalf, His Honour Judge Carpenter, a Judge of the District Court of the Judicial District of Calgary, has appointed Thursday, the 29th day of July 1915, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, in the Court House, District Court Chambers, at Calgary, for the holding of the Confirmation Court to confirm the Tax Enforcement Return of the Rural Municipality of Marquis No. 157.

Dated at Eastway, Alberta, this 20th day of May 1915.

"R. E. HOUSE"

Secretary-Treasurer.

Womens' Institute Meeting

Although the weather was unpleasant, about twenty-five ladies were present at the Womens' Institute meeting on Thursday last. The Reid Hill Institute were unable to come to take charge, as was expected, and the regular June program was used.

The roll call was replied to with "Pointers for Mothers." Mrs. Knowles dealt with her subject—"Training for Mothers-to-be" in a very capable and comprehensive manner.

Mrs. Schenck demonstrated strawberry Bavarian cream which proved not only good to look at but excellent to the taste.

It was decided to have a tag day for the Institute on July 1st in aid of the Red-Cross Society. Further particulars will be given at a later date.

Internes to Work

The interned enemies in the province are not to be allowed to pass their time in unemployed captivity and live on the people, but they are to be put to work that will benefit the province.

The internes from Lethbridge, it is said, are to be moved to Banff, and set to work on the motor road running through the Rocky Mountain Park which forms a part of the highway scheme from Winnipeg to the coast, down to California and back to Winnipeg.

The camps for the men will be situated between Castle and Banff, and the men, of whom there are expected to be from 80 to 100, will be moved in the course of a day or so.

Dominion Day

Preparations are being made by the citizens of Vulcan for a Grand Celebration to be held at Vulcan on Thursday, July 1st, 1915. The sum of \$750 will be awarded in prizes. The program will consist of sports, races and games. An excellent brass band will be in attendance. Everybody come and have a good time.

Mixed Farming Special

The department of agriculture of the province, assisted by the C.P.R., is having a mixed farming special train to visit various points in Alberta when special lectures and demonstrations on all phases of farm work will be given.

This special train, which visits Vulcan on Monday, June 28th, will consist of twelve cars, including two cars of pure bred horses and cattle to be used for judging and demonstration purposes; other cars will contain exhibits upon which demonstrations and lectures will be given on different phases of agricultural work and domestic science. Among other things, these exhibits will include models of farm buildings suitable for dairy cattle, hogs, sheep and poultry. There will also be exhibits of game, grains, grasses, weeds, samples of students work at the agricultural schools, dairy products and dairy farm equipment.

The farm womens' section is to have a place for there will be one car for lectures and demonstrations and another containing a display from domestic science and Womens' Institute department.

This exhibit ought to be of special interest to all farmers and others in the south of the province where there is a marked tendency to take up the mixed farming line rather than the exclusive grain growing farming.

The schedule for this railway line is as follows:

Brant—Monday, June 28th, from 9 a.m. till noon.

Vulcan—Monday, June 28th, from 1:30 to 5 p.m.

Champion, Tuesday, June 29th, from 9 a.m. till noon.

Carmangay—Tuesday, June 29, from 1:30 till 5 p.m.

Barons—Wednesday, June 30th, from 9 a.m. till noon.

Nobleford—Wednesday, June 30 from 1:30 to 5 p.m.

The train will also travel on the Foremost and Coutts branch after visiting the above places, and then on to the Langdon and Bassano branch.

In The Country

Rain has, for the most part been the feature of the past week, with a little hail here and there, the latter being much too light and small to do any damage whatever. Work in the fields has been taken up whenever the weather allowed, but it has been by no means continuous. For the past month there has been rain almost every day.

It came with the new moon on May 13th, and has been with us right up to June 13th, some of the heaviest showers of the period falling on that date, which saw another new moon, and it is possible we are now in for drier weather. The wind veered around to an opposite quarter, the temperature rose, and everything predicts that we are now to have the sunshine to finish the good work commenced by the rain. Everything that is growing looks as fine as ever it did before throughout the district.

P. P. Woodbridge, who has been making a tour of inspection throughout the south of the province speaks of the grain being headed out in the Vulcan district, and now that the drier days are coming there is the pleasure of watching the grain hasten towards an early harvest.

Farewell Party

The residents in the Lake McGregor district recently accorded Mr. Fred Hermann a farewell party as he was leaving the district. The gathering was held at the home of Mr. W. Hermann.

A social time was spent at the close of which the guests sat down to a sumptuous supper. Among those who were present were:

Messrs. M. Laughlin, H. Spanke, Jos. Balsted, Frank Kelly, C. Lennon, Julius Liske, Geo. King Smith, E. J. Gallagher, Ole Olsen, Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Balsted, Mrs. Smithson, W. J. Jackson and family, Mr. and Mrs. G. Jonck, Mr. and Mrs. L. Aasgard, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Houghtelin.

Vulcan Tennis Tournament

Gentlemen's Doubles.

Pentland, Allan vs Galbraith, Clark. June 18th.

Trail, Nelson vs Anderson, Torgerson. June 14th.

Sanson, Steeves vs Wolfe, McPherson. June 17th.

Henry, Walker vs Flood, Jones. June 16th.

England, Irving vs Elves, Whicher. June 16th.

Gentlemen's Singles. (Handicap).

Anderson (-30) vs Jones. June 15th.

Walker (-15) vs Irving. " 15th.

Galbraith (-40) vs Henry. " 15th.

Clark (-40) vs Whicher. " 21st.

Trail (-15) vs Wolfe. " 16th.

Torgerson vs Steeves. " 17th.

Sanson vs England (plus 30). " 18th.

McPherson (-40) vs Flood. " 18th.

Allan (-40) vs Nelson. " 21st.

Pentland vs Elves (plus 30). " 21st.

Ladies Doubles.

Mrs. Clark, Mrs. Elves vs Mrs. Steeves, Mrs. Henry. June 16th.

Mrs. Smithson, Mrs. Nelson vs Mrs. Morton, Miss Shaw. June 17th.

Mixed Doubles.

Ladies choose their partners and hand names into the Secretary, and dates will be arranged.

All games start at 7.15 sharp or may be claimed by default.

An entrance fee of 25c for each event. The proceeds being used for prizes.

Referees will be selected for each game.

C. T. GALBRAITH, (Sec. Treas.)

Contracts Lot

The trustees of the Ferrodale School met on Friday evening last at the office of the secretary-treasurer, the chief business of the meeting being the opening of the various contracts for the addition to the present schoolhouse.

All the trustees were present:

Contracts for the various work was awarded as follows: Building, Del Carr, \$275; excavating, Castle Brothers, 50c. per yard; cartage, L. Earp, \$4 per yard; plastering, R. Conwell, 2 coat work 15c. per yard; 1 coat work, 10c. per yard; furnace, W. E. Butchart, \$160 complete. The contract for the painting was not let for the time being and the matter will be further considered at a later date.

Work on the addition is to commence on July 2nd, and to be finished by the 9th of August.

Fined \$2 and Costs

On Wednesday of last week Roy McAfee appeared before Magistrate Wm. A. Schenck to answer to the charge of an excavation unguarded on his place, the N.E. quarter of 19-16-22, the excavation in question being a well.

McAfee pleaded guilty. It appeared that the neighbors had several times requested that the fence round the place be repaired but this request had not been complied with. No witnesses were called.

Commenting on the case his worship said that people were altogether too careless in matters of this description. Since, however, the accused had filled in the well previous to coming to answer to the charge, he would fine him \$2 and costs.

Local and General Items

Inspector Tucker was in Vulcan on Tuesday and Wednesday of last week.

The Mixed Farming Special train that the department of agriculture are sending to Vulcan at the end of this month ought to be of great interest to the farmers of the district.

Mrs. J. C. Young, of Port Elgin, Ont., was a visitor in Vulcan last week, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Elves. She left for Cayley on Sunday and from there she will leave for her home on Tuesday of this week.

The Rural Mail Route No. 2 to Hearnleigh, Eastway, Arrowwood and Loma, which was authorized, has had a number of the mail boxes paid for, and the service will commence as soon as the mail boxes are erected. It will be run in conjunction with the present service going north. The Hearnleigh, Eastway and Arrowwood post offices will be kept open as usual.

Mens' washing taken weekly Mrs. Kaiser, Vulcan. M2614

Mr. H. England was a Calgary visitor on Thursday evening of last week.

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Snow, on Wednesday, June 9th,—a daughter.

Mr. E. S. Flves, of Cayley, was a visitor to Vulcan on Tuesday of last week.

Showers have been frequent during the past week, keeping the growing crops nice and fresh.

Chris Christianson left town for a few days, presumably with the idea of getting married.

Mrs. M. Erickson, of Forest River, North Dakota, is a visitor at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Rannels.

The Ladies Aid will meet on Thursday of this week at Masonic hall when business of importance will be attended to.

Heavy showers of rain fell on Friday of last week, accompanied by hail which, however, was too light to do any damage whatever.

Prohibition meeting at Sunny Glen schoolhouse on Sunday, June 20, at 3:30. R. W. Glover will deliver address and the male quartet will sing.

A very successful prohibition meeting was held at Buffalo Hills school house on Sunday evening last. Despite bad weather a large crowd was present. R. W. Glover addressed the meeting.

Mrs. McKinney addressed very successful meetings at Lomond school, Lake McGregor and Marshall schoolhouse on Saturday evening and Sunday. On Sunday evening she spoke to a very large gathering at Vulcan.

Mr. P. P. Woodbridge, who has been making a tour of inspection of the crops in the south of the province, speaks very highly of the Vulcan district, where the grain is in many places beginning to head out.

On Thursday morning last, early, two British torpedo boats, No. 10 and No. 12, were torpedoed off the east coast of England by a German submarine. Both boats went to the bottom. The survivors, forty-one in number, were taken ashore.

The race track on the agricultural ground was commenced last week and promises to be a nice even track, better than the old one, with a nice home stretch. It will be completed for the July 1st celebration.

Messrs. A. J. Flood, D. K. Allan, G. M. Carson, N. Hanna and Gallagher motored over to Carmangay on Thursday last and attended the meeting of the Masonic Lodge in that town.

Two Vulcan ladies went to Lethbridge on a shopping expedition on Saturday. They missed the evening train home and were forced to remain in Lethbridge until Monday night. Moral: "Shop at Home."

Dr. Bouck, of Calgary, was in town on Thursday last and went out to Reid Hill with Dr. Carson where an operation was performed on Mrs. J. H. Smith, for appendicitis. We are pleased to report that Mrs. Smith came through the operation successfully and is making splendid progress.

Mrs. McKinney arrived in Vulcan on Friday evening of last week at seven o'clock, and an hour later was delivering a prohibition address at the Mayview schoolhouse. Her arguments were well and forcibly arranged, and she carried the sympathy of her hearers with her throughout the evening. On the following day, Mrs. McKinney was taken out to Lomond and addressed a meeting there the same evening. On her return journey to Vulcan on Sunday she delivered an address at Lake McGregor in the morning and at Marshall school house in the evening.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER
CONTAINS NO ALUM

Makes pure, delicious, healthful biscuits, cakes and pastry. It is the only well-known strictly high class baking powder made in Canada, selling at a medium price.

Read the label

E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL

Duty of Neutrals

Germany has been for at least twenty-five years preparing itself in a masterly manner for just such a conflict, building up great works, accumulating munitions and preparing its military and naval forces. It believed itself to be fully prepared for a speedy victory and knew that its adversaries were quite unprepared. The latter depended, entirely upon the opportunity always open for arming and supplying themselves in case of need, provided they could gain sufficient time. Was it the duty of the United States, is it its duty now, virtually to array itself on the side of the fully armed belligerents by refusing to supply either side with what it needs to equip itself for a conflict from which it could no longer escape?—New York Journal of Commerce.

MOTHERS!

Don't fail to procure **MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP** For Your Children While Teething. It soothes the Child, Softens the Gums, Allays the Pains, Dispel Wind, Colic, and is the Best Remedy for Infantile Diarrhoea.

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS

IF YOU SUFFER FROM COLIC, STOMACH, BILIOUSNESS, CHRONIC, BRUISES, ULCERS, SKIN Eruptions, PILES, WITH FREE CLOTH BOUND MEDICAL BOOK OF THESE DISEASES AND WOUNDERS, CURE BY THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, No. 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

THERAPION

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

300 CARLOADS Seed and Table Potatoes

290 CARLOADS BALED HAY

Prompt Delivery—Reasonable Prices. We finance Government and Municipal Relief Orders.

Wire, Phone or Write to **Wilton Produce Co.,** 502 Confederation Life Bldg., WINNIPEG.

On Her Brow

"Before we married, you promised me rings and brooches and beads to wear."

"Well, what of it?"

"I was just thinking that the only beads I've ever worn since are beads of perspiration."

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

The latest Boston story is about a small child who fell out of a window. A kind-hearted lady came hurrying up with the anxious question, "Dear, dear! How did you fall?"

The child looked up at the questioner and replied, in a voice choked with sobs, "Vertically, ma'am."

Great Britain has now over a million men in the field, which is 110 times the figure of Agincourt; 33 times that of the Crimea; 25 times the Peninsula; 14 times the figure of the Second Afghan war; and four times the tally of 1901.

Shall It Be Hair or No Hair



It's Your Choice Cuticura Soap

Shampoos and light dressings of Cuticura Ointment clear the scalp of dandruff, allay itching and irritation, and promote hair-growing conditions in most cases of premature loss of hair.

Samples Free by Mail

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Book. Address: "Cuticura," Dept. K, Boston, U.S.A.

W. N. U. 1054

The Navy's Shovel

The navy's shovel, which in this war of entrenchments is mighty as the sword, is not without its romance. When the Liverpool-Manchester line was being cut 80 years ago, it occurred to one of the workmen that the heavy square-bladed spades then in use could be pried more easily if the corners were rounded off. He suggested this to the contractor, who scoffed. Clinging to his idea, however, the navy induced an ironmonger to make him a dozen spades to his specification, and persuaded a master to give them a trial. Within a week came reports of the men fighting for the possession of those shovels. An agreement was made between contractor, manufacturers and inventor, a patent obtained, and the observant workman died a wealthy man.—London Chronicle.

\$100 REWARD, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Defective Gasoline

A farmer, in looking his car over one day, thrust a lighted match into the gasoline tank. The ensuing explosion laid him up for several weeks. On the first day that he was able to be about he visited the storekeeper who had sold him the stuff and demanded compensation.

"Why should I pay you anything?" asked the merchant hotly. "It was your own fault. You knew it was gasoline."

"That's all right, but this accident was caused by defective gasoline."

"Defective gasoline?"

"Yes, sir, I've been sticking matches into gasoline that I've bought here before, and this was the first lot that ever acted that way."

SAVED BABY'S LIFE

Mrs. Jos. Desrosiers, St. Alphonse, Que., writes: "I cannot say too much in favor of Baby's Own Tablets, as they saved my little one's life. Before giving him the Tablets he was greatly troubled with worms and was like a skeleton and cried day and night. The Tablets soon expelled the worms and now baby is the picture of health." Baby's Own Tablets also break up colds and simple fevers, cure constipation and indigestion and make the teething period painless. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Canada Born in the Contingents

Canada's second contingent is showing better in its representation of native born Canadians than the first contingent. The Toronto Telegram is authority for the statement that of officers of the second contingent claim that 60 per cent. of their men are Canadians. If this be true, we have the following result:

First Contingent..... 35%
Second Contingent..... 75%
Third Contingent..... 75%

This seems to be a reasonable result. The Canadian Courier argues that the unattached, adventure-loving Englishman rushed into the first contingent, but there were not so many of him for the second and third.

Do It Now.—Disorders of the digestive apparatus should be dealt with at once before complications arise that may be difficult to cope with. The surest remedy to this end and one that is within reach of all, is Carmel's Vegetable Pills, the best laxative and sedative on the market. Do not delay, but try them now. One trial will convince anyone that they are the best stomach regulator that can be got.

A traveller on a journey was much annoyed by a pedantic bore who forced himself upon him and made a great parade of his learning. The traveller bore it as long as he could, and at length, looking at him gravely, said: "My friend, you and I know all that is to be known."

"How is that?" said the man, pleased with what he thought a complimentary association. "Why," said the traveller, "you know everything except that you are a fool, and I know that."

Memel, now taken by the Russians, was founded in 1252 by Poppe von Ostema, a grand master of the Teutonic Order. It was originally known as New Dartmund, but the name was afterwards changed to Memelburg. The Russians have occupied it twice before, in 1757 and 1813. Besides being the central point of the Baltic timber trade, Memel is the headquarters of the amber trade. An enterprising German firm undertook the dredging of the mouth and bed of the Kurisches Haff, and established their works at Schwarzwart, about 1½ miles from Memel. It is said that nearly 60,000 pounds of amber has been found there in a season.

Wireless Messages From Submarines

How the German submarine which torpedoed the Formidable succeeded in sending to Berlin news of its feat by wireless puzzled the British authorities for some time. It might possibly be explained by the use of the Funken-Telegraph system, which is operated without a permanent high aerial. From the top of a pole of no great length a small captive balloon is sent into the air, and the wire from the transmitting instrument runs only to the pole. As the message leaves the instrument it goes to the pole, and from there is attracted to the balloon by means of a magnet, which retransmits it by means of Funken (sparks).

It is said to be remarkably effective to a distance of 500 or 600 miles, and as the distance from where the Formidable was sunk to the nearest part of the German coast is only some 700 miles, by means of this equipped submarine in the North Sea, to act as a retransmitting station, there would seem to be no great difficulty in the message getting through to Germany.

How Zam-Buk Cures Skin Diseases

As soon as applied, Zam-Buk penetrates right to the very root of the disease and kills the cause thereof. The rich herbal essences then so stimulate the cells below the surface that new healthy tissue is formed, which, as it grows, forces out the diseased tissue. Zam-Buk cures from the bottom up.

This is the reason that sores and skin diseases cured by Zam-Buk, do not return. Zam-Buk is entirely different from all other ointments. It does not contain harsh minerals, or poisonous coloring matter. Nor does it contain coarse animal fats, which, in a short time, go rancid. Zam-Buk will keep indefinitely.

Many people have been cured by Zam-Buk after having suffered years and spent hundreds of dollars trying various remedies in vain. If you suffer from any skin disease or injury, benefit by the experiences of others. Try Zam-Buk first. Don't trouble with useless remedies.

Zam-Buk is unequalled for eczema, piles, pimples, cuts, burns, bruises, cold sores, frost bites, chapped hands, and all skin diseases and injuries.

We are so convinced that a trial of Zam-Buk will prove to you its superiority, that we will send you a **FREE TRIAL** box on receipt of this article, name of paper, and 1c. stamp to pay return postage. Address Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

All Druggists and Stores sell Zam-Buk at 50c. box

The Hyphen Explained

Mrs. Dearborn—You say that is Mrs. Burke-Martin?

Mrs. Wabash—Yes; Burke was her name and Martin was her husband's name.

Mrs. Dearborn—But why does she use the hyphen between the names?

Mrs. Wabash—To show that she is separated from her husband.

The telephone operator was spending the summer holiday granted by a benevolent G.P.O. by the sounding sea. On the first morning, however, she had occasion to rate the maid of the lodgings for real or imagined negligence. "Why didn't you call me as I told you this morning?" she demanded. "I did, miss," replied the maid, with an injured air. "I called out 'Seven thirty,' and all you said was, 'Number engaged.'"

The New French Army

The new French forces are in good health and spirits, and they learn much that they did not know when the war began. Their equipment is much improved. They are amply supplied with officers, and the officers, particularly in the higher commands, are younger and more vigorous. All the old generals at the head of large commands have been eliminated, and the average age for general officers is ten years lower than in August—London News and Leader.

Aunt Ethel—Well, Beatrice, were you very brave at the dentist's?

Beatrice—Yes, Auntie, I was.

Aunt Ethel—Then, there's the half crown I promised you. And now tell me what he did to you.

Beatrice—He pulled out two of Willie's teeth!

FIND OUT

The Kind of Food That Will Keep You Well

The true way is to find out what is best to eat and drink, and then cultivate a taste for those things instead of poisoning ourselves with improper, indigestible food, etc.

A conservative Eastern woman writes:

"I have used Grape-Nuts 5 years for the young and for the aged; in sickness and in health; at first following directions carefully, later in a variety of ways as my taste and judgment suggested."

"But its most special, personal benefit has been as a substitute for meat, and served dry with cream when rheumatic troubles made it important for me to change diet."

"Served in this way with the addition of a cup of hot Postum and a little fruit it has been used at my morning meal for six months, during which time my health has much improved, nerves have grown steadier, and a gradual decrease in my excess weight adds greatly to my comfort."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Ability Rewarded

C.P.R. Keep Close Watch on Their Employees and Make Promotions When Merited

In any organization so large as that of the C.P.R., where under normal conditions over 300,000 employees are on the payroll, one great problem is that of keeping the employees, so to speak, a dynamic part of a living organization and not of a mere machine. Zeal and ambition must be kept burning. Just as every soldier of Napoleon carried a field marshal's baton in his knapsack, so every office boy in the company must feel he is a possible president, not merely earn his dollar a day till pension day. One system introduced on the western lines with this in mind has proved exceedingly efficient. Each superintendent or foreman or head of a department makes two reports a year on his staff. Bright men are thus earmarked for special promotion. If any man is criticized the report is shown to him and initiated by him before it goes to Winnipeg. He gets a square deal, and if he has any life in him he mends his ways so that no such criticism can be made twice. Then again there are independent scouts, looking for the bright men, the tidy station agent, the courteous trainman, the man cool in an emergency, the inventive mechanic, the stenographer who can run the office when the chief is absent. These scouts are searching for merit only, not for faults.

Over the whole system of the Canadian Pacific ideas and suggestions made by employees are not only welcomed, but lead to promotion. They go to the Record Office, where a statement of the employee's career is attached to the suggestion before it is considered by a committee. If the idea is adopted the record of the employee's career is then before the eyes of the powers that be, and recognition is sure to follow. The needle in the haystack is easy enough to find with a magnet, and there are a dozen magnets looking out for merit among the 100,000 employees of the C.P.R.

It Will Prevent Ulcerated Throat

At the first symptoms of sore throat, which presages ulceration and inflammation, take a spoonful of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Add a little sugar to it to make it palatable. It will allay the irritation and prevent the ulceration and swelling that are so painful. Those who were periodically subject to quinsy have thus made themselves immune to attack.

H. M. S. Lion's Escape

Fake Wireless Message Outwits the Guileless Germans

An interesting sidelight upon the North Sea battle is supplied in a statement made to a correspondent by an officer of H.M.S. Indomitable, which played a prominent part in the action.

After the Lion, which led the attack had been struck by a shell and was forced to drop out of the fighting line, an urgent wireless message was despatched by Sir David Beatty to Chatham calling for tugs to be sent out immediately to the scene of action to tow the disabled flagship to the harbor.

The message was (as the admiral intended it should be) intercepted by German submarines operating in the rear, between the British squadron and the east coast. The enemy submarines ignorant of the ruse practised upon them, took up a position on the line of retreat to Chatham, and patiently awaited the arrival of the crippled Lion with the intention of giving it its coup de grace.

In the meantime the Lion was taken in tow by the Indomitable and steered a widely divergent course, which brought it safely into port many miles from Chatham.

The sight of the tugs returning without the Lion at the end of their tow lines no doubt gave rise to the German legend about the loss of a British ship in the action.

Minard's Liniment, Lumberman's Friend.

Value of Harrowing Grain

Should Not be Done Too Early and the Ground Should Always be Dry

The harrows break up the crust and readmit the air. Further, the broken surface produced by the harrow assists in retaining moisture in the lower part of the soil, although the inch or so of the surface that has been broken up by the harrow will dry much more quickly after harrowing than if it has been left hard. This is because the connection with the soil underneath has been broken, and the rise of the water to the surface is checked. Rolling, or anything else that makes the surface of the ground smooth and solid, always encourages the evaporation of water, and in spite of the fact that our fields are sometimes too wet, the crops of this country more often suffer from lack of moisture in summer than from too much. Anything, therefore, that will keep the spring moisture in the soil will help the crops later on.

Harrowing should not be done too early, and the ground should always be fairly dry when it is performed, though, of course, there are still soils where it would be useless, to attempt to harrow if they were allowed to become too dry. It may be remarked, however, that it does not appear to damage wheat in the least if well harrowed when it is as much as six inches high, though probably it is better done earlier. Barley and oats should have at least three, and perhaps four, leaves before they are harrowed, for when the plants are very young and tender they are apt to be smothered under the soil, or even broken off altogether.

One lonely soldier in the trenches, said Mr. Bobhouse, Postmaster-General, advertised for correspondents in a newspaper, and three days later 3,000 letters, 6 bags of small parcels, and 90 large parcels were delivered to him.

"I paid the landlady all the back board I owed before moving into the fraternity house."

"Ah, I see! You wanted to be well settled."

Says Johnny Knife,
"I'm keen for life
No rust for me again, sir,
My heart is right
My face is bright
I bathe in
Old Dutch Cleanser."



MADE IN CANADA

U.S. Emigration Exceeds Immigration

For the first time in the history of the United States emigration is exceeding immigration. Up to the end of October each month's movement had shown a net gain on the operation. In November 5,400 more departed than arrived. In December 15,000 more went out than entered, and in January 10,800 more left than were admitted. That tendency seems to have continued in February. The heaviest emigration has been to Southern Italy. This is presumably due to the calling up of Italian reservists to the colors.—London Financier.

Someone should stir up the Canadian hen and make her realize that we are at war, and that every part of the country should do its best. During the last fiscal year Canada imported 11,250,000 dozen eggs. The eggs came from Great Britain, Hong Kong, Japan, New Zealand and the United States. It is only a few years ago that we were exporting eggs to Great Britain.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

An Irish tenant had unexpectedly paid his rent, and the landlord felt very grateful.

"Now, O'Flaherty," he said, "which would you rather have—a ton of coal or a dozen of whiskey?"

"Ye will have yer joke, sorr," replied the tenant; "ye know I burn peat."

At the funeral of Baron Lionel de Rothschild, father of the recently deceased Lord Rothschild, a poor old man wept loudly and bitterly.

"Why are you crying?" inquired a bystander. "You are no relation of Rothschild."

"No," howled the mourner, "that's just why I'm crying."

For Indigestion and Biliousness

those foes of comfort and well-being, there is one family remedy universally regarded as the best corrective of deranged conditions of the organs of digestion. Present suffering is relieved promptly, and worse sickness prevented by timely use of **BEECHAM'S PILLS**

Let this wonderful remedy tone your stomach, stimulate your liver and kidneys, regulate your bowels and you will feel improved throughout your entire system. A few doses will prove to you why, for the common and minor ailments of life, Beecham's Pills

Are the Right First Aid

Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England. Sold everywhere in Canada and U. S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.

"SECURITY FIRST"

Is Your Life Insured? Keep Your Policy in Force And Increase the Amount as Soon as Possible If You're Not Insured, Make Application Today

THE EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Head Office, Toronto.

Over Four Million Dollars Assets for Policyholders. N.B.—Write For Memo Book and Circular.

Little Miss MAIDEN CANADA



COWAN'S Perfection COCOA

It's what's inside the cup that counts.

THE COUNTRY TOWN CAN HELP ITSELF BY FOSTERING RURAL LIFE

CAN COUNTRY TOWN BE SAVED FROM DECLINE

Prof. A. R. Mann, of the New York State College of Agriculture, A Careful Observer, Considers the Problem in the Community Aspect, in an Article for the Banker-Farmer

By country town we mean the rural village, town or city that depends primarily on its agricultural background, that lives largely on the surrounding country. It is the settlement of a few hundred or a few thousand persons, hemmed in on all sides by farms and reached from all directions by roadways that lead out into the open country and over which much of the trade travels. The question of the relation of this settlement to its land basis, to its trade area, is now recognized as one of the immediate issues in country life progress.

Much of the traditional separation between town and country is due to what we may call natural causes, resulting from the conditions under which the towns have developed. The town has its separate political organization, its own government, its own enterprises, its support by taxation from within, and its own interests, mostly in its own development by attracting trade, seeking to establish urban industries, and cherishing an ambition to become a third-class city. The corporation line has been a boundary between town and country, with the tide of trade flowing from the country to the town without a counterbalancing movement from the town out into the country to develop its resources and foster its life. The resources of the country have been built up by the trade of the town, and the public improvements resulting from this wealth have been largely applied to the betterment of the town itself. The material resources of the country have crossed the boundary into the town; and now for some time the human resources, good farmers, have been contributed to the upbuilding of the town. Not infrequently they, too, have become town-centered and neglectful of the interests of the farms which gave them their competence. The farmer has come to feel that the townsman is selfish—that he seeks the major benefit from a transaction by fixing the price both on what the farmer has to sell and on what he has to buy. Of course this is true only in part; but it is a cause of separation and points the way to a needed readjustment for the establishment of confidence. At bottom, the separation is founded on economic reasons.

Director Bailey and others have said that the solution is to make the country town a real part of country life, and to develop one program for the upbuilding of both town and country. The life of the town cannot be separated from the life of the country, and it will be impossible ever to fully energize country affairs unless the towns are considered equally in the process. The interests of town and country merge and cross. The towns are the cross-roads of trade, the tying centres where the business interests of all the farmers in the trade area head up and thus give employment to a certain population. The average country town is primarily an agricultural distributing point, for the distribution of supplies and provisions to the farmer on the one hand, and for the shipment, assortment, or manufacture of the farmer's products, on the other. If the farms are thrifty, the towns are thrifty; if the farms are unthrifty, the towns are likely to be unthrifty. The towns are the soul of the business life of the towns. The country town has no outlet or escape except through the country. Its commercial activities largely take

their color from the type of farming that goes on about it. The interests of town and country, while in some measure opposite, are essentially one; their commercial life is largely one. The business interests—the merchant, the banker, the manufacturer, and all the rest—must become alert to the necessity for creating fair and adequate relations with the land population in their own greatest ultimate gain.

But again, equally important from the country standpoint, is the fact that the open country cannot develop any substantial and permanent community life apart from a town or village centre. We may say what we will about the open country having its own community life apart from the village; but it never will, except for an occasional specially inspired and usually short-lived example. The farmer's community centre will be where he trades, and that is where his community life and spirit will head up. It is a school or a church out by the roadside is made a real community centre, where there is vital community life, it will soon find itself surrounded with stores, blacksmith shop, post office, houses; and a village will have sprung up. The farmer's community life will be found in the place where he must of necessity go frequently and where he will meet other farmers; and he is too busy to go often to a place that is off his beaten path of trade. We shall have to accept the fact that whatever genuine community experience the farmer has will get at the cross-roads of his trade, in the town.

If we accept this as true, then the program for the development of town and country together must include, first of all, better co-operative business and commercial relationships; but it must affect the attitude of the schools, the churches, the libraries, and most of all the townspeople themselves. The farmer must be caused to feel that he is part with the town and that his farm is one of the real enterprises of the community, making its definite contribution to the community structure. The town school will make provision for adequate training for children from the farms that naturally come to the town. The farmer will be attracted to the town church instead of staying home because of any feeling of inequality or distinction. The village library will extend itself into the country by means of the parcel post or otherwise and become a community-serving library. Plans for civic improvement will treat town and country as one problem and improvements will reach into the country. Farmers and townspeople will work shoulder to shoulder in the movement for good roads and for good railroad service. The country fair, which is usually held in a town centre and is town controlled, will seek farmers on its board of managers, and take on the aspect of a real, helpful, stimulating country fair. The whole attitude will change and there will be new incentives for development in both town and country, and new plans will be developed. The commercial interests in the town will find their larger service in making the town, and all of its institutions and enterprises, serve to open country and the town alike, and thus create the confidence on which all good business must depend.—The Banker-Farmer.

Farmers and the Red Cross Society

Dr. Robertson Makes a Personal Appeal to the Farmers For Aid in a Good Work

We publish today a second appeal on behalf of the Red Cross Society, by Dr. James W. Robertson.

Dr. Robertson is still best known to the farmers of Canada as Professor Robertson. He began his official public service at the Ontario Agriculture College nearly thirty years ago. Twenty-five years ago he went to Ottawa as dairy commissioner for the Dominion. The dairy service of the department of agriculture soon became known and trusted throughout Canada. From Prince Edward Island to Alberta, farmers profited by the illustration dairy stations and the travelling instructors. The output of cheese and butter in Canada added to the reputation of its rural workers.

Other public services of continuing and growing value were inaugurated, while Professor Robertson was commissioner of agriculture. Among them were the live stock branch, the cold storage service, the seed grain competitions, trial shipments of fruit to the United Kingdom, and extensions of markets.

Besides there were the manual training movement, the school gardens, household science and the consolidated rural schools.

In more recent years, Dr. Robertson was chairman of the royal commission on industrial training and technical education. Farmers in all provinces are familiar with the survey of farms by the commission of conservation and the illustration farms of its committee on lands, of which he is chairman.

In these and many other ways, Dr. Robertson has given the farmers of Canada the best that was in him. He says he is their debtor, for many opportunities, for much kindness and for warm appreciations. But they are his debtors too. And he now reminds them of that for the first time in order to establish his right and privilege to appeal to them for this worthy cause.

Ship's Officer—Oh, there goes eight bells; excuse me, it's my watch below.

Old Lady—Gracious, Fancy your watch striking as loud as that!

Red Cross Appeal to the Farmers

Help For the Soldiers Who Are Waging a Great War For Justice

Our country, with its Allies, is waging a great war for justice, for the protection of small nations in the enjoyment of their rights, for continued and growing freedom, and for the maintenance of its pledged word of honor. Much destruction and desolation are being caused. Lives are being lost by the thousand. Canada's first contingent is now in the thick of it. Some will fall sick; many may be wounded; some will pay the last full measure of devotion to their country and its cause.

The Red Cross Society exists to succor the sick and wounded in war. The need of Red Cross Service is great and growing greater as the war goes on. The price of progress towards lasting peace is very, very dear. It costs lives, homes, health and much besides. Canada's part in the price of payment, through giving for Red Cross work, is mercifully light and easy, even when all have given to the extent of really feeling it.

The soldiers and sailors pay the price exacted by the desolating struggle from week to week. What they paid in blood and did in sacrifice a month ago was not enough for them. Shall we say it was enough for us? What they are doing and suffering and achieving have put aside, for the time, all their thoughts and plans for individual welfare, comfort and safety. They don't hesitate to establish precedents. But they are precedents of heroic sacrifice for our country and its cause, for our principles and ideals that they may be upheld.

Farmers, individually as well as through their institutes, clubs and cheese and butter factories, are in a position to help very greatly. Their business does not suffer from the war. Canada's part in the price of payment, through giving for Red Cross work, is mercifully light and easy, even when all have given to the extent of really feeling it.

Farmers are generous in sentiment and generous in giving when their hearts and heads point the way. This is a case when they do so point clearly, persuasively and urgently. In this crisis, in the lives of nations and in the lives of stricken soldiers, none can pray too much, do too much or give too much.

I appeal to farmers to send me sums from \$1 to \$50, during the first week of May. Every \$50 provides one additional hospital bed with the giver's name over it. By sending me about \$10,000, you would serve your country well, bring credit to yourselves and make all of us very proud of you. For the sake of the wounded boys, make the gift substantial. It will be an investment towards the recovery of some Canadian soldier who stood in our stead that our cause might be upheld.—Faithfully your friend, Jas. W. Robertson, chairman Red Cross Society at Ottawa.

King Albert as a Reporter

Visited United States and Canada in Search of Information

When King Albert of Belgium, as Prince Albert, put aside his title and became a newspaper correspondent, he travelled a good deal, visiting France, Austria, Britain, Scandinavia and the American continent, including Canada.

In this way the democratic prince was able to study the commercial advantages of other countries, as well as broadening his views and educating his mind. In order that he should not be recognized during his expeditions King Albert grew a beard, wore glasses, and trimmed his hair in a new way. His disguise was so effective that many of his countrymen to whom he was a familiar figure passed him without recognition in the various towns he visited.

The royal reporter seriously worked at the profession he adopted. In the United States he was employed by a Minneapolis newspaper at a salary of \$15 a week. The king's employers were quite unaware of his identity, and when he returned with poor "copy" he was as badly hauled over the coals as were his less aristocratic colleagues. A story is told by his colleagues of the way he endeavored to obtain copy.

Whilst on a Brooklyn newspaper Albert wanted entry into a house where a murder had taken place. He was stopped by a policeman, who demanded his card. The blue-blooded reporter did not happen to have one, so the representative of the law roughly ordered him off.

A rival reporter who noticed the incident afterwards went up to the policeman and said, "Do you know that man you were speaking to was Albert Prince of the Belgians?" "Well," answered the unenlightened policeman, "Mr. Prince should have shown his card, for I've never heard of that paper."

In his reporting days King Albert volunteered to write on any subject connected with sport. As an all-round athlete he was especially qualified as an authority on outdoor games. He can box, fence, ride, shoot, and swim. There are few subjects on which King Albert could not write a good article. He has a knowledge of metallurgy, mining, shipbuilding, motor cars, and aviation.

The Rothschilds and Waterloo

It seems hard to kill the legend that Nathaniel Rothschild—grandfather of the late peer—was in Belgium when the battle of Waterloo was fought, and hurriedly crossed to Dover in a fishing boat so as to take full advantage of the news on 'Change. Yet Mr. Leopold de Rothschild, speaking some years ago at the Newspaper Press Fund dinner, said that the news of Napoleon's defeat first arrived here through the medium of a Dutch journal, "Great Victory of the English." Nathaniel Rothschild, who owned some ships, instructed his captains that, wherever they touched a port, they were to buy the latest newspapers for him, and this was how he received the paper in question, which he at once took to the Treasury. Lord Liverpool pook-pooked the information, as the previous day he had heard of the defeat of the English.—London Chronicle.

A Question With Two Sides

Manufacturers Approve New Tariff and Think the Farmers Should be Satisfied

The current issue of Industrial Canada, the organ of the Canadian Manufacturers' association, devotes considerable space to comment upon the new taxes imposed by the budget. It is not surprising to find that the manufacturers' organ warmly approves of the decision of the finance minister to endeavor to raise as much as possible of the revenues required by an increase in the tariff, but at the same time Industrial Canada restrains its joy to some extent, and points out that even manufacturers will have to pay some additional taxes in this time of stress. The budget is dealt with by Industrial Canada under the heads: "How Manufacturers Are Affected," "How Farmers Are Affected," and "How Consumers Are Affected," and it is only natural that under the first of these heads the manufacturers' organ should exaggerate the burden of the new taxes, while under the remaining heads it seeks to show that the increases of the tariff will, after all, cause a very slight increase in prices. It is admitted that the manufacturers will be benefited by the increases of protection, which, it is asserted, will diminish the flood of foreign goods sent into the country, while farmers, it is stated, were given especially good treatment by the government in the fact that the duty on binders, mowers, traction ditchers and binder twine was not raised. The manufacturers' organ words, can rejoice for what has been given to them, while the farmers have to be thankful that more was not taken away from them.

To read Industrial Canada one would think that the manufacturers, forgetting their own "Made-in-Canada" campaign, were the only people who imported foreign goods. They will have to pay more, it is pointed out, on account of the duties on their raw material, more for their bituminous coal, more for machine oil, more for machinery, equipment and building materials. "As farmers," it is stated, on the other hand, "are not, as a rule, extensive importers, they will not be affected to any great degree," while "to the great mass of individual consumers," it is asserted, "the tariff increase will be practically negligible." The stamp taxes, Industrial Canada states, will take a heavy toll from the manufacturers. Apparently, in their view, they are the only people who use the mail, write checks, send telegrams, or ride on trains. With fine sarcasm Industrial Canada refers to the fact that the tariff increases the farmers' protection on horses, beef cattle, poultry, vegetables and other products, thus reducing proportionately competition from abroad in the farmers' most cherished asset, the Canadian home market. There is one statement, at least in Industrial Canada, with which we can heartily agree, and that is that the alternatives to the tariff as a principal means of raising revenues, are direct taxation upon land and the income tax. "Resort may yet be had to such expedients," says Industrial Canada, "but the government apparently believed that they should not be sought until the legitimate use of the customs tariff as a source of revenue was exhausted." For our part, we believe that the contingency referred to in this last clause has already arrived, and we trust that when the finance minister is convinced of this fact, he will not hesitate to use the alternatives suggested by Industrial Canada.—Grain Growers' Guide.

Western Resources

Valuable Information For the Farmer Contained in a New Booklet

A new booklet has been issued by the department of natural resources of the Canadian Pacific Railway at Calgary, Alberta, describing the resources and advantages of Alberta, Saskatchewan, and Manitoba, and setting forth the terms on which the company's lands are offered to actual home-makers in these provinces. The folder contains a vast amount of useful information, such as the averages of all leading prices for the last five years, the elevator, flour mill and oatmeal capacity, statements of temperatures and precipitation, live stock tables, general information covering such points as customs, quarantine, and transportation regulations, public education, railway facilities, public works, system of taxation, voting regulations, rural telephones, water supply, system of land survey, cost of implements, building material, harness, furniture, dry goods and clothing, meat and groceries, and the capital necessary for a settler to make a proper start. The booklet is illustrated with 40 photographs of actual farm scenes in Western Canada, and included in it are maps in two colors of Alberta and Saskatchewan. All persons interested in opportunities afforded to home-makers in Western Canada should make a study of this folder, which may be had free of charge by addressing the Publicity Branch, Department of Natural Resources, Calgary, Alberta.

Railways in Alberta

In the province of Alberta there is now one mile of railway for every 125 persons. The province guaranteed bonds last year for the construction of 2,436 miles of railway, of which there are now completed and in operation 1,230 miles, and 347 graded, and ready for track-laying. The mileage was last year distributed as follows: Canadian Northern, 656 miles; Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, 259; Edmonton Dunvegan, 240; Alberta & Great Waterways Railway, 750; Lacombe & Blindman Valley Railway, 37. The total mileage in the province is 4,097, which is greater than in the older provinces with the exception of Ontario.—Journal of Commerce.

An old soldier after leaving the British army wrote to his colonel in the following terms: "Sir—After all I've suffered, tell the army to go to hades." A week or so later he received a reply in the usual official manner: "Sir—Any suggestions or inquiries as to the movements of troops must be entered on Army Form 137, a copy of which is enclosed."

ECONOMIC REASONS WERE IN PART RESPONSIBLE FOR THE WORLD WAR

GERMANY'S INFORMATION AND PREPARATION

C. W. Barron, of Wall Street Journal, Shows that Economic Reasons were Largely Responsible for the Outbreak of Hostilities—Many Problems to be Settled

"The Germans have at Berlin the most complete bureau of information to be found anywhere in the world. They know everything and understand nothing. They had no measurement in Germany to gauge the soul of a nation such as that of the British empire," declared Mr. C. W. Barron, in his address before the Montreal Canadian club recently.

Mr. Barron, who is head of the Wall Street Journal, the Boston News Bureau and the Philadelphia News Bureau, has had unequalled opportunities to get at the real causes of the titanic struggle now taking place in Europe. Through personal contact with great financiers, world-famed statesmen, and from personal observation, he has compiled a wealth of information regarding the causes of the struggle. Mr. Barron, who was a member of the London Statist staff long before Sir George Paish became associated with it, has discussed the war with Sir George, as well as with many other great financiers. In conversation with Paish as to the duration of the war, the latter, quoting Sir John French, said: "The Allies have dug themselves into a solid trench from Switzerland to the Channel and all hell cannot get them out." "I know," said Mr. Barron, "that Sir George is a good churchman, but in this instance he was talking sound doctrine."

Mr. Barron in the course of his address showed conclusively that economic reasons were very largely responsible for the outbreak of hostilities. Austria was anxious for war and merely used the assassination of her Archduke as an excuse, although in the last analysis the ultimatum which was sent to Serbia was changed by the Kaiser to make it impossible of fulfillment. Austria was anxious to dominate the Balkan States and through them the Eastern Mediterranean. He also showed that a commercial treaty which Germany forced on Russia during the Russo-Japanese war and under which Russia was forced to accept German goods to her own disadvantage, was at the bottom of the struggle between Germany and Russia.

This treaty was to terminate in 1917 and when Russia a short time ago approached Germany in order to secure an alteration of the conditions she was emphatically told that the treaty was satisfactory to Germany and must be continued by Russia.

Germans Need Copper

Shells Are Now Being Gathered and Re-used by the Germans

How long will 5,000,000,000 cartridges last in a war of the size of the present one? How much copper has Germany on hand from which to make new cartridges for the infantry rifles and machine guns, and drying bands for the shells of all sizes? Great Britain has declared copper contraband of war, and is trying to stop its going to any port whence it might reach Germany. Other things might end the war more speedily, but when the supply of copper quits them the war quits likewise. The Germans are reported to have had nearly 5,000,000,000 rifle cartridges on hand when war broke out. They probably have 4,000,000 men under arms, possibly more. They have thousands of machine guns, each of which eats up cartridges as fast as a whole infantry battalion. Twelve hundred and fifty rounds per soldier, excluding the machine guns, and the 5,000,000,000 cartridges are gone. Without doubt the Germans are reduced already to picking up the fired cases when it is feasible to do so. Trench fighting is particularly well adapted to this purpose, while from a machine gun the ejected cases are thrown so uniformly that a basket would catch practically all of them. The German cartridge cases are not well adapted to being reloaded. The American government reloads the fired rifle cartridges, and the requirements specify that each case must stand 20 such reloadings without splitting or giving away at any spot. Hundreds of thousands of fired cartridges are reloaded by the United States army each year, because while the complete loaded cartridges cost 2 1/2 cents, the case itself costs nearly 1 1/2 cents, a saving of 60 per cent. through reloading.

The Potato

It Rivals Wheat as an Article of Staple Food

Although it is recorded that the potato (Solanum tuberosum) was used as human food more than a thousand years ago, its culture did not extend beyond the boundaries of South America until about the middle of the sixteenth century. To Sir Walter Raleigh is credited the introduction of the potato into England and in 1585 it was definitely known to have been grown in Ireland. Since that time the cultivation of this crop has extended over the civilized globe. So great has the reliance upon it become that when blight occurred in Europe at various times during the past three-quarters of a century, the failure of the crop was attended by serious famine conditions. The potato has acquired a position next to wheat for human consumption and enormous quantities are utilized in the arts and for stock food. The world's crop of potatoes exceeds that of wheat by some two billion bushels. Valuing wheat at one dollar and potatoes at fifty cents per bushel, the world's crop in 1912 may be set down at an approximate worth of \$2,800,000,000 for wheat and \$1,000,000,000 for potatoes. Last year the figures for Canada, for wheat 161,250,000 bushels, valued at \$186,415,000, and for potatoes 38,672,000 bushels valued at \$19,336,000.

Canada's Fighting Force

Dominion is in the Fight to See it Through

"Our fathers refused to submit to the tyranny of their own kings; their sons will not submit to the absolutism of an alien king. Our fathers won for democracy her earliest and most lasting triumphs; they gave their lives to secure these privileges. If their sons are worthy they will freely give their lives to preserve them."

The above words of Mr. N. W. Rowell, K.C., summed up his eloquent address delivered before the Empire Club on "Democracy v. Militarism." After comparing the conflict in Germany and Great Britain, the speaker said that it was Oliver Cromwell who settled once and for all against the divine right of kings in England. "The path of liberty for the German people lies in the overthrow of militarism, and the only path of liberty to us rests in our pressing this war to a glorious conclusion. The motherland has three million men under arms, and if we in Canada had a proportionate number enlisted we would have at the present moment 350,000 to 500,000 men in training. "What an inspiration it would be to the heroes in the trenches, to the mother country and all portions of our empire, and to those who are now going to the front, if our government were, in addition to all they have already said and done, to cable to his majesty's government in Great Britain that we would at once undertake to send at least another 100,000 men to the front, not to fill gaps, but as a new fighting force, as an evidence of our appreciation of the sacrifice already made, and of our determination to help finish the task. I, our public men of all parties were to go through the country and tell the people of Canada the vital stake we have in this war what a response the people would make to this appeal Canada is in this fight to see it through."—Toronto Globe.

For Eugenic Marriages

Favors Young Persons Having a Chance to Find Suitable Life Partners

Asserting that eugenics is a science and a fact, and not a fad, Dr. W. C. Rucker, assistant surgeon general of the United States Public Health Service and secretary of the Committee on Education of the American Genetic Association, has declared that it is time to stop all attempts to interfere with marriage by law. He suggests that persons who are interested in eugenics should devote their work for the furtherance of the science to the promotion of heredity research, study, dissemination of a knowledge of heredity and an effort to create a "eugenic conscience" in the public. "They should give the young people of their acquaintance a chance to meet and fall in love with suitable life partners and further every move that will take away some of the social and economic bars to marriage and parenthood," he said. Dr. Rucker spoke of the consideration by the legislators of New York and other states of measures which are called by them eugenic marriage laws. "This is a matter of preventive medicine, with which eugenics has nothing to do," he said.

PROTECTION

Against the wet weather saves
you money in clothes, time and
doctor's bills.

We Can Fit You Out

Raincoats:

Ladies, from \$6.50 to \$12.00
Gents, from \$5.00 to \$16.50
Childs', from \$4.00

SLICKERS \$2.95 to \$4.25

Rubbers—

Ladies, from 80c.
Gents, from \$1
Childs, from 50c.

In All Shapes and Sizes

Men's Waterproof Hats, 50c.

Elves Bros
The Store of Good Service

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except when residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64888

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that Frank Anderson has this day withdrawn from the co-partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned as Hotel Keepers under the firm name of "Johnson & Anderson" at Champion, Alberta, and that on and after the date hereof the said business will be continued by the remaining partners under the firm name of "Johnson Brothers." The old firm will pay all debts contracted by them and will receive all monies due them at the office of W. A. Carmichael at Champion, Alberta.

Dated, Champion, Alberta, June First 1915.

(Sgd.) JOHN JOHNSON.
NELS G. JOHNSON.
FRANK ANDERSON.
June 9/15

BORN

Born—Mr. and Mrs. Robson, Reid Hill on June 13th, a daughter.

Born—Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Kothlow, Vulcan, on June 13th, a daughter.

Born—Mr. and Mrs. Chester Wallace, Vulcan, on June 14th, a daughter.

Born—Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Brink, Vulcan, on June 7th, a daughter.

PROVINCE OF ALBERTA DEPARTMENT OF MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS

NOTICE OF COURT FOR CONFIRMATION OF RETURNS OF UNPAID TAXES

Notice is hereby given that the Judge of the District Court has appointed Saturday, the 26th day of June, 1915, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the holding of a Court at the Court House in the City of Calgary for confirmation of the Returns of Unpaid Taxes made under the provisions of Section 91 of the Local Improvement Act, covering the following Local Improvement Districts, viz.:

Large Districts numbers 156, 160, 161, 186, 192, 216, 217, 218, 222, 246, 247, 251, 252, 282.

Small Districts numbers 158, 159, 190, 191, 220, 221, 277, 279, 281, 309, 312.

Also for confirmation of the Returns of Unpaid Taxes made under the provisions of Section 19 of the School Assessment Ordinance by the Secretary-Treasurers of the following School Districts, viz.:

Nos. 79, 84, 85, 128, 166, 183, 226, 230, 232, 403, 409, 422, 433, 471, 476, 559, 581, 592, 598, 610, 697, 718, 756, 762, 794, 811, 828, 909, 961, 986, 1041, 1056, 1068, 1091, 1120, 1121, 1136, 1164, 1172, 1199, 1201, 1203, 1239, 1266, 1283, 1287, 1288, 1303, 1337, 1397, 1421, 1426, 1434, 1460, 1472, 1481, 1482, 1483, 1492, 1497, 1503, 1505, 1508, 1531, 1554, 1581, 1593, 1597, 1634, 1642, 1646, 1647, 1651, 1654, 1655, 1667, 1671, 1674, 1680, 1696, 1708, 1718, 1746, 1756, 1772, 1778, 1780, 1782, 1812, 1823, 1827, 1848, 1857, 1863, 1865, 1867, 1873, 1890, 1908, 1925, 1940, 1947, 1951, 1954, 1961, 1971, 2003, 2011, 2015, 2020, 2055, 2060, 2078, 2096, 2098, 2103, 2118, 2133, 2164, 2187, 2216, 2218, 2242, 2252, 2271, 2293, 2303, 2319, 2362, 2386, 2392, 2398, 2461, 2462, 2478, 2486, 2489, 2521, 2563, 2612, 2676, 2683, 2703, 2732, 2772.

Also for confirmation of the Tax Return made under the provisions of Section 11 of the Educational Tax Act, covering lands located in the following Districts:

Nos. 156, 158, 159, 160, 161, 186, 190, 191, 192, 216, 217, 218, 220, 221, 222, 246, 247, 251, 252, 277, 279, 281, 282, 309, 312, as shown on official map prepared by Department of Municipal Affairs.

Dated at Edmonton this 20th day of April, 1915.

JOHN FERRIE,
Deputy Minister of Municipal Affairs.
M647

R. B. Chadwick, motion picture censor for the Province of Alberta, has resigned that position in order to devote his time to the Department of Delinquent and Dependent Children.

Clear thinking is impossible without healthy bowel action. Rexall's is a specific against constipation. Sold only by D. C. Jones, The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

The contract for the armoury at Calgary was let to a Medicine Hat firm and there is great activity in the manufacture of brick as a result.

The VULCAN ADVOCATE

CHARLES CLARK, Proprietor
R. W. GLOVER, Managing Editor

Published Every Wednesday in the Heart of a Wonderfully Rich Farming and Ranching District.

SUBSCRIPTION:—\$1.50 per year; Foreign countries \$2.00. Exchange must be added to cheques.

THE GERMAN LEGACY

The reading of the French and British reports on the atrocities of the Germans in Belgium and northern France made a despicable record of the workings of a state the world 'once called human, and it is to the everlasting shame of humanity at large if the Germans in this war is not beaten and beaten so thoroughly that they will never again be able to lift up their heads as a power of the world again.

Before the war broke out the German nation throughout the world was looked upon as being something of a model as far as her educational methods were concerned, and the marks she had left on the literary and musical history of the universe stood for all time as the highest attainments of her sons. But now all that is forgotten. Some day in the future ages men may remember what Germany was before the war, but for years to come she will be branded among the nations with the brand of shame so deep that it will eat into the hearts of her children, and they will bear the legacy of their fathers' crimes on the battlefields of Belgium and France.

The foul acts of the German soldiery have committed may help them temporarily in their mad campaign to win Europe to Prussian autocracy, and they may cause untold harm and want and misery throughout those regions for a long time to come. But this is not the worst. Belgium and France will recover, and find in their recovery that they have gained the thanks and sympathies of the entire world. The worst is reserved for the Germany of the future. It is she who will have to live in the valley of shame and go down to history as the barbarian of the twentieth century.

What the Germans are doing to-day is to pile up a legacy for the future of their race. They are the ones who will never recover from the slaughter and butchery of to-day.

MR. BRYAN'S REQUEST

"Why should an American citizen be permitted to involve his country in war by travelling upon a belligerent ship when he knows that the ship will pass through a danger zone. The question is not whether an American has a right under international law to travel on such a ship, the question is whether he ought not, out of consideration for his country, if not for his own safety, avoid danger when avoidance is possible."

The above is an extract from Mr. Bryan's reason for resignation; and no more than that is needed to show wherein he differs from his late chief, President Wilson. Mr. Bryan, it would appear, rather misconstrues the rights of an American citizen in a case where other nations are at war to the creation of a danger zone. No danger zone, in the first place has any legal right through its creators, to be a menace to travelling neutrals. The Germans, in this instance created the danger for the British, not for the Americans, and therefore they have no right to place the American in any danger whatsoever, and if they do, they place themselves as violators of neutral obligations.

Really, an American does not involve his country in war by travelling abroad when other nations are at war unless he expressly violates some international agreement. The case of the Lusitania was an outrage, and its sinking was not justified under any law.

If Mr. Bryan is sincere in his statement that all Americans should keep out of the danger zone he is, consciously or otherwise, just asking the Americans to do what the Germans asked, and furthermore, he is allowing the validity of the German action by his request.

Arthur Trainor, the telephone man who rejoiced over the sinking of the Lusitania and was charged with treason was convicted by Judge Simmons, at Calgary, and was fined \$250 and costs.

The tax rate for Medicine Hat for 1915 has been fixed at 19 mills on the dollar.

Wants Explanation

EDITOR, THE ADVOCATE.
"Dear Sir,—In this time of war it is highly gratifying to every British subject to see the strong sympathy expressed in almost every paper of any repute across the line, and to know that there is an ever deepening disgust in the minds of the Americans at the barbarities of the Huns.

"But what of our American settlers in this quarter? I have heard a good deal from Americans lately that, if it was not pro-German, it was decidedly anti-British. Many of the opinions expressed by our American friends seem to me to require some explanation.

"On reading some of the atrocities committed by the Germans on the battlefield and elsewhere one of our neutral (?) friends remarked in my hearing that the British would do, or had done, similar things. I heard another say that all the Canadians who had volunteered for service in our Empire's defence did so either because they were out of work or else from a desire to see a bit of the world.

"Now the American in his country is the most patriotic of men. Also he is more sensitive in matters pertaining to his country and more jealous of his honor than any man I know of.

"Should not that very sensitiveness cause him to remember that another man may have a prejudice in favor of his native spot, and that he has as much right to have such a prejudice respected as an American?

"Some of the Americans claim that the educational system of the States is superior to that of any other country in the world. If this is so, it is something to be proud of. But if they are taught to be so narrow and provincial in their views as not to admit the rights and privileges of any but American citizens, then I for one should like to know wherein consists the superiority.

"I also hear many remarks passed about British jingoism. It is spoken of as if it were an exclusively British trait which Americans in their indulgent clemency were willing to forgive!

"Granted that Britain has been somewhat thoughtlessly optimistic in this war, I think Americans, as the champion flagwavers of the world, should be the last to cast stones in that direction.

"Even in times of peace I have known foreigners to get into trouble in the States through making less objectionable remarks than may be heard from professedly neutral Americans in these days, and it seems to me high time that steps were taken to show such men their place."

Yours sincerely,
A CANADIAN CITIZEN.

Farmers' Picnic

The Vulcan Board of Trade has recently had a communication from Mr. W. S. Fairfield, superintendent of the Dominion Experimental Farm, Lethbridge, asking if the Board would arrange for the farmers of Vulcan and district to take a day trip, along with farmers from other towns on the line, and visit the experimental farm at Lethbridge. The management at the farm would arrange to have a caterer on hand for the bachelors, lunch to be served at a reasonable cost, and families could take their baskets. The date of the trip is not yet arranged but Mr. Fairfield suggests either the second or third week in July.

The committee of the Board of Trade have brought the matter up and are making preliminary arrangements to have the picnic brought about. A delegate from Vulcan goes to Carmangay on Tuesday of this week, June 15th, where other Board of Trade delegates will meet and make final arrangements in regard to train service.

A number of farmers from this district would no doubt like to go and see how things are done on the experimental farm and the visit would be enjoyable and profitable, and it is hoped that sufficient interest will be shown in the effort this year to warrant the visit becoming an annual affair.

As soon as definite arrangements are made announcement will be made of the fact, and it is hoped that there will be sufficient enthusiasm on other points of the line to make the picnic feasible.

The ratepayers of Okotoks will vote on a By Law on the 28th of June to authorize the mayor to execute an agreement to the Northwest Engineering and Supply Co. Ltd., for supplying electrical energy to the town of Okotoks at 18 cents per kilowatt.

It is rumoured that Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, of the C.P.R., was summoned to London by Earl Kitchener and asked to take charge of the buying and transport of munitions from the United States and Canada. His headquarters, it was stated, would be in New York.

Manitoba, in want of rain for several weeks, was favored with a pretty general shower last week end for about an hour. It gave little indication of continuing. The farmers are hoping for a persistent downpour which will last for some time.

Card of Thanks

I wish to extend thanks to the people of the Reid Hill community and also to the people of Vulcan for the assistance they have so kindly rendered to me.

B. F. BENTLEY for WM. NOLAN.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

LAND—Three quarter section of land 100 miles west of Spokane, in the Big Bend district, 240 acres under cultivation, improved, good water, near school. \$10,000. Easy terms. For full particulars write Flood & Whitcher, Agents, Vulcan Alberta.

WANTED

PLOWING—I am open to do spring plowing on time. R. M. Hollister Vulcan, Alberta.

ESTRAY

HORSE—Estray on F. M. Meyers farm. N.W. 1/4 of 12-18-23, 4 miles east of Hearnleigh, 1 Pinto gelding, weight 1000, aged 15 years. This horse has been in the district for the last four or five years. Branded on left shoulder and on left hip. Arthur R. Bond, Brand Reader, Eastway, Alberta.

\$10 REWARD—For information leading to recovery of one bay mare four years old with foal, branded B— on on right thigh, also bears following brands: E left shoulder and right shoulder, weight about 1050. Also one sorrell horse ten years old, left hip slightly low, branded rowlock reversed, on right thigh weight 1050. Apply George Colville, Vulcan.

HORSES—One grey mare, 1450 lbs., 12 years old, branded half circle blurred on neck, also black horse colt 2 months old, with white spot on face, running with mare. \$5 reward for information or return of same. A. E. Curry, Vulcan.

R. K. B. KNOWLES, M.D.

Physician and Surgeon

Vulcan, Alta.

Phones 44 and 45

Drs. G. M. CARSON and C. T. GALBRAITH

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

VULCAN ALBERTA

P.O. Box 39, Phone 18.

CONTRACTOR—To move house about half a mile. House is 1 1/2 story, 24 feet by 12 feet, with addition on one side, 12 feet by 11 feet. Apply Ellis Mines, Champion, Alberta.

Lodge : Directory

VULCAN LODGE No. 74, A. F. & A. M.

G. R. A. Regular meeting on the Tuesday on or before the full moon. Lodge of instruction two weeks before regular meeting. Visiting brothers welcome.

G. M. CARSON, W. M.

A. J. FLOOD, SECRETARY.

O. O. F., SAMARITAN LODGE

No. 91, VULCAN, ALBERTA.

Lodge meets every Wednesday, at 8.00 p. m. Visiting brothers welcome.

E. G. MCPHERSON, NOBLE GRAND.

R. L. ELVES SECRETARY.

For information Regarding
VULCAN & DISTRICT
—WRITE THE—
SECRETARY OF THE BOARD OF TRADE
VULCAN, ALBERTA

QUEEN CAFE

Meals at all hours

Ice Cream

Confectionery and Candies

Cigars, Tobacco, Soft Drinks

VULCAN, ALBERTA.

R. W. GLOVER

Teacher of Piano

Vulcan

M. H. KAHLER.

Watchmaker and Jeweller

OPTICIAN

EYES TESTED FREE

VULCAN, ALTA.

P. W. L. CLARK

Barrister

Solicitor, and Notary Public

Loans Arranged

Bk. of Hamilton Bldg., Vulcan

: Dentistry :

DR. C. H. NELSON

DENTIST

Removed from Bank of Hamilton, to next to Drs. Carson & Galbraith

A. R. BOND

BRAND READER

Eastway

Owner of Horses Branded on Left Shoulder.

Royal Cafe

MEALS AT ALL HOURS

ICE CREAM

Fruits, Soft Drinks, Candies,

Tobaccos, Cigars, Cigarettes

JANG LING, PROPRIETOR

B. C. RESTAURANT

ICE CREAM

Meals Served at all Hours.

Ice Cream, Cigars, Tobaccos, Soft

Drinks, Candies, Fruit

VULCAN, ALTA.

Vulcan Market Report

Spring Wheat, No. 1.....	90
" " No. 2.....	86
" " No. 3.....	81
" " No. 4.....	88
" " No. 5.....	81
" " No. 6.....	76
" " Feed.....	70
Rejected No. 1.....	85
" " No. 2.....	82
" " No. 3.....	78
Oats, No. 2 C.W.....	40
" " Extra No. 1 Feed.....	38
" " No. 1 Feed.....	36
" " No. 2 Feed.....	34
Barley, No. 3.....	50
" " No. 4.....	44
Feed.....	38
Flax No. 1, N.W.....	120
" " No. 2 C.W.....	117
" " No. 3 C.W.....	100
Rye.....	88
Eggs.....	16
Butter.....	18
Spring Chicken.....	10
Fowl.....	10
Cattle, live.....	5 1/2
Cows.....	5
Hogs.....	6 1/2
Dressed Hogs.....	8 1/2
Ducks.....	07
Turkeys.....	14
Geese.....	13
Potatoes.....	75

Capital Authorized \$5,000,000
Capital Paid up - - \$3,000,000
Surplus - - - - - \$3,750,000



Bank of Hamilton

ESTABLISHED 1872

THRIFT

The foundation of every fortune is economy. Put aside the amounts that other people waste and enjoy the independence that goes with a Bank Account.

Our Savings Department will help you save.

VULCAN BRANCH

A. M. TRAIL, MANAGER

The ideal laxative for women and children



Gentle but sure



Pleasant to take

No ingredient in Rexall Orderlies is in the slightest degree harmful or injurious. Even the most delicate child can be given Rexall Orderlies, for they are safe, easy to administer and mild in action. No other laxative is so good for children.

Rexall Orderlies are a specific for constipation for people of all ages because, having a tonic effect on the bowels, they use tends to restore these organs to their normal activity. They are particularly recommended for women during pregnancy and after child-birth.

Made in Canada and sold in metal boxes at 10c, 25c and 50c each, at Rexall Stores only, on their guarantee—"money back if not satisfied." Get a Box Today from

D. C. JONES, DRUGGIST, VULCAN

nesday, June 16th, at 8 o'clock, when it is expected that there will be a large gathering to hear this very able exponent of the prohibition argument.

The people at Buffalo Hills are to hold their picnic on June 15th at the Big Bow valley.

Gleichen Stampede

If the Gleichen Stampede is not a huge success on June 24 and 25 it will not be the fault of the management. On Tuesday, James Young, manager; T. H. Beach, manager of the Publicity Committee and Richard Brodick, of the Finance Committee, motored to High River and ere they left for the north they had everybody talking about the coming event. Famous riders and ropers from all over the country have expressed their intention to be at Gleichen in order to participate in the handsome prizes that are being awarded for the various events. The prize money will run into \$5000.

A feature of the stampede that will appeal to many is the fact that the management will devote the profits to wounded Canadian soldiers and their dependents. Last year the profits were devoted to the Patriotic Fund.

One of the Military Bands at Calgary will be present to provide music during both days of the Stampede.

The Calgary Fair

In honor of the six thousand or more Alberta soldiers who are in training at the big military camp in Calgary the fair this year is being called the "Khaki" fair. The exhibition "Unusual" will be opened by Col. Cruickshank, the officer commanding this military district, the fair days will be named after the regiments taking part and during the exhibition every regiment will appear. Military bands will provide the music and in the evening the military tattoo will be participated in by seven massed bands.

With many of the local men in the regiments their friends and relatives will be pleased at the opportunity of seeing them before they leave for the front and will take advantage of the cheap rates

THE Mixed: Farming Special

Conducted by the Department of Agriculture with the assistance of The Dominion Department of Agriculture will be at

Vulcan, Monday June 28

from 1.30 to 5.00 p.m.

The special train will consist of 12 cars, including two cars of pure-bred horses and cattle; to be used for judging and demonstration purposes; other cars will contain exhibits, upon which, demonstrations and lectures will be given on different phases of agricultural work and Domestic Science. Among other things, these exhibits will include, models of farm buildings suitable for dairy cattle, hogs, sheep and poultry. There will also be exhibits of game, grains, grasses, weeds, dairy products and dairy farm equipment.

Don't Forget The Date June 28, '15, At Vulcan

to Calgary between June 30 and July 7, which are this year's fair dates.

In every department the Calgary fair is up to the standard and in some respects ahead of previous efforts to instruct and entertain. The prize list has not been cut and stockmen, dairymen, grain growers, house wives, school children and many others who habitually

contribute to the exhibition will find their classes open again. "Forcing the Dardanelles" will be the big fireworks spectacle and will be one of the latest and most realistic pyrotechnic displays ever produced in the west.

The races will be a strong feature of each day's entertainment and the attractive purses offered are bringing entries from all over the Canadian and American west.

JUDICIAL SALE of FARM PROPERTY

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE of the Judgment and final Order for Sale in the action of The Manufacturers Life Insurance Company against William F. White et al, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction, on Saturday, the 26th day of June A.D. 1915, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, at the Auditorium Hotel in the Town of Nanton, by John Thompson, Auctioneer, the following property namely:—the South East Quarter of Section Thirty-six (36) in Township Fifteen (15) Range Twenty-six (26) West of the Fourth Meridian in the Province of Alberta, subject to the reservations and conditions in the grant from the Crown or in the existing Certificate of Title.

The Vendor is informed that the soil is black loam on clay subsoil.

The said premises contain 160 acres more or less, all of which are good arable lands; 100 acres thereof has been broken and has been under cultivation. The land is all fenced with a barbed wire fence of three strands and has the following buildings:—

Dwelling House
Stable
Granary
Corral and Pig Pen
Work Shop and
Drilled Well with pump

The said premises are situate 13 miles distant from Parkland and 15 miles distant from Champion. Post Office at Lawrence 1 1/2 miles from the said premises, a School at Alston two miles distant from the said premises and a Church at Alston two miles distant from the said premises. The said premises are easily accessible by good roads from Vulcan and Champion where good markets for sale of produce may be obtained. The above property will be offered for sale subject to the Conditions of Sale which will be read at the time of sale and also subject to the Reserve Bid. 10% of the amount of the purchase price will be paid at the time of the sale and the balance as follows:—

15% without interest into Court within ninety days from the date of the sale and the balance with interest at 8% into Court as follows:—

25% in one year, 25% in two years and the balance in three years from the date of sale.

For full particulars and conditions of sale apply to John Thompson, Auctioneer, High River, or to Alec A. Ballachey, of High River, Solicitor for the Plaintiff.

Dated at Calgary, this 26th day of May A.D. 1915.

LAURENCE J. CLARKE,
Clerk Supreme Court.
Approved
L. F. CLARRY,
Master in Chambers

JUDICIAL SALE of FARM PROPERTY

UNDER AND VIRTUE of the Judgment and final Order for Sale in the action of The Manufacturers Life Insurance Company against Jacob Byrön Johnson et al, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction on Saturday, the 3rd day of July, A.D. 1915 at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, at the Imperial Hotel, in the Village of Vulcan, by John Thompson, Auctioneer, the following property namely:—the South West Quarter of Section Eighteen (18) in Township Sixteen (16) Range Twenty-two (22) West of the Fourth Meridian in the Province of Alberta, subject to the reservations and conditions in the grant from the Crown or in the existing Certificate of Title.

The Vendor is informed that the soil is black loam on clay subsoil.

The said premises contain 160 acres more or less, 135 acres of which are good arable lands; 50 acres thereof have been broken and have been under cultivation. The land is all fenced with a barbed wire fence of one and two strands and has the following buildings:—

Frame Shack, single wall 12x14, roofed with shingles worth about \$50.00.

The said premises are situate 14 miles from Champion. Post Office at Reidhill 3 1/2 miles from the said premises, a School at Reidhill 4 miles distant from the said premises and a Church at Reidhill, 4 miles distant from the said premises. The said premises are easily accessible by good roads from Vulcan and Champion where good markets for sale of produce may be obtained. The above property will be offered for sale subject to the Conditions of Sale which will be read at the time of sale and also subject to the Reserve Bid. 15% of the amount of the purchase price will be paid at the time of sale and the balance as follows:—

10% without interest into Court within 90 days from the date of the sale and the balance with interest at 8% into Court as follows:—

25% in one year, 25% in two years and the balance in three years from the date of sale.

For full particulars and conditions of sale apply to John Thompson, Auctioneer, High River, or to Alec A. Ballachey, of High River, Solicitor for the Plaintiff.

Dated at Calgary this 2nd day of June A.D. 1915.

LAURENCE J. CLARKE,
Clerk of the Court.
Approved
L. F. CLARRY,
M.C.

Champion News

We regret to announce the death of Mr. James Rollins. The interment took place in Carmangay cemetery on June 15th.

Messrs. Adams brothers shipped a car load of hogs to Calgary during the past week.

Messrs. Millers have recently completed a splendid cistern on their place in town. The cistern is built square.

Mrs. and Miss Paitson and children and Miss Richerson were Calgary visitors last week.

We regret to report the death of Mr. and Mrs. Puzzy's little girl. The interment is to take place in Carmangay.

The Ladies Aid are preparing to give an entertainment and supper on the evening when Mrs. McKinney will lecture, Wednesday, June 16th, at 7.30 p.m.

A tame coyote belonging to Mr. George Clever got loose from its fastenings and did considerable damage among the neighbors chickens, killing quite a number. A number of people were up through the night with guns but Teddy did his work and eluded them all. Next day, however, he gave his life in atonement.

Armada News

We believe the farmers in this district are sure looking for that bumper crop this year, judging by the amount of improving that is being done throughout the district.

Mr. Theismyer has been building a fancy board fence in front of his fine residence, putting in gravel walks and generally improving the place. Other people have been painting their buildings, and a lot of fencing has been done throughout the neighborhood this spring, which adds greatly to the appearance of the district.

We are glad to report that school has begun again in the Sunny Plains school district. A gentleman whose name we understand to be Mr. Morrison has been engaged as teacher. For some time the district was without a school when some of the children went either to Rolling Prairie or Reid Hill schools. Others, less fortunate, did not get to school at all, and the starting of the school again is decidedly a step in the right direction. Childrens Day will be observed at the Sunny Plains school on Sunday, June 28th, exercises to begin at about 11 a.m. We have some fine voices here and some music is being prepared for the occasion, and it is expected that the Reid Hill temperance quartette will be included in the program.

Loma News

The Loma district, in common with the surrounding country, has been the recipient of much rain during the past week, which is making the growing crops look in splendid condition for the warm, dry days that are bound to follow the showers.

Mr. Charles Campbell has recently bought Mr. George Morgsinger's quarter and he is having it all broken with a view to putting it into crop for next year.

Mrs. McKinney, the president of the W.C.T.U., who is touring the province on behalf of the Prohibition campaign, is to speak at the Arrowwood school house on Wed-

Canada's Munition Output

Canada is entering the race for the manufacture of munitions, and every effort is being strained in order that a good supply of ammunition may be turned out for the use of the forces of the Empire in the field. At present 130 firms in the Dominion are engaged in the work of machining and assembling, 247 factories are operating in 78 cities and towns. Montreal had 35 factories, Toronto 38 and Hamilton 17.

The manufacture of shells is finding employment for from 60,000 to 70,000 men weekly, whose wage bill amounted to something in the region of a million dollars, and it is expected that in the near future the factories will be producing between 40,000 and 50,000 shells daily. For these contracts 170,000 tons of steel, 30,000 tons of copper and about 30,000 tons of lead is required in addition to other material.

Mr. H. N. Sheppard has received word from relations in England that his son Henry, who enlisted with the Canadian forces at Edmonton at the outbreak of the war, is now a prisoner of war in the hands of the Germans. He was wounded in the battle at Langemarck and is now in a German hospital.

About Butter Wrappers

In view of the fact that a certain firm in Winnipeg has sent large supplies of butter wrappers to merchants throughout Alberta for about 75c, a "package," we feel obliged to offer an explanation as to why our price may appear somewhat higher than that quoted by the eastern house.

In the first place The Times supplies 480 sheets with every ream while the article sold in stores is in packages which contain only 375 sheets and frequently very much less than that number.

Our butterwrappers are not porous when wet, and substitutes of which there are many, have not this quality. In the printing of same we use only "butter wrapper" inks, which are non-poisonous and have very little penetrative power.

When comparisons are made between our price for a "ream" and the eastern price of a "package" you will not wisely in having the package counted.

The social democratic party of Canada have invited Ramsey MacDonald, ex chairman of the independent labour party, of Great Britain, to lecture in Canadian cities. It is reported that he has accepted, and will start for Canada in a few weeks time.

H. W. REEVES, VULCAN

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY MONEY SAVING SPECIALS

A Chance to Save by Spending. Featuring many price surprises, with new seasonable merchandise, Men's and Boys Shoes, Men's Dress Shirts, Ladies and Children's Shoes, Straw Hats, Dress Goods, Neckwear, Wash Goods, House Dresses, Groceries.

Ladies & Misses Footwear

Ladies Slater Shoes \$4.25 and \$4.75
Ladies Pumps .. 2.85 and 4.25
Ladies Gun Metal Shoes .. 3.50
Ladies Laced Shoes .. 2.75
Misses Black Shoes .. 2.75

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

Men's New Dress Shirts .. 85c.
Men's New Dress Shirts .. \$1.25
Men's New Dress Shirts .. \$1.50
Balbriggan Underwear, suit 80c.
Men's Black Cotton Half Hose 25c.

Ladies Underwear

Ladies Ribbed Cotton Vests 15c.
Ladies Cotton Crochet Top Vest 20c.
Ladies Ribbed Combination 35c.
Ladies Night Dress, Tmd. Emb. 1.10
Ladies Princess Slips .. 1.35

Men's Boots and Shoes

Men's Tan Muleskin .. 2.75
Men's Black Amherst Boots 3.75
Men's Congress Black .. 5.50
Men's Amherst Shoes .. 4.25
Men's Slater Shoes, black, tan 5.50

STAPLE DEPT.

White Cotton .. 12 1/2c.
White Flannelette, 36in. wide 15, 20c
Pillow Slips .. 20c.
White Bed Spread .. \$1.75
Hemstitch Sheets .. 1.15

GROCERIES

Special for Week End

20 cases Tomatoes, 2 tins for 25c.
Per case, 2 dozen .. \$2.90
20 cases Strawberries For Friday and Saturday Selling,
Give : us : a : Call : Before : You : Buy

NOTICE

Butter and Eggs taken as cash, and highest prices paid.

The Congestion From A Bad Cold Loosened Up In One Hour

If Rubbed on at Night You're Well Next Morning

Nerviline Never Fails

When that cold comes, how is it to be cured? This method is simplicity itself. Rub the chest and throat vigorously with "Nerviline." Rub it in good and deep. Lots of rubbing can't do any harm. Then put some Nerviline in the water and use it as a gargle; this will ease the cough, cut out the phlegm, assist in breaking up the cold quickly.

There is no telling how quickly Nerviline breaks up a bad racking cough, eases a tight chest, relieves a pleuritic pain. Why, there isn't another liniment with half the power, the penetrative qualities, the honest merit that has made Nerviline the most popular American household liniment.

A large 50c bottle of Nerviline cures ills of the whole family, and makes doctors' bills small. Get it today. The large size is more economical than the 25c trial size. Sold by dealers everywhere, or direct from the Catarrhose Co., Kingston, Canada.

Empire Industry League

Aims at Expansion and Protection of Trade

The formation of an industrial league in Great Britain designed to foster the fraternal and co-operative spirit between Canada, her sister dominions, and colonies of the empire, is reported by W. L. Griffith, secretary to the high commissioner.

Mr. Griffith says: "The league has already commenced to carry out its objects in a practical way by asking quotations from Canadian manufacturers of cloth and other army supplies for shipment to the continent of Europe, and enclosing a list of some of the requirements. These include 2,000,000 yards of army cloth, 160,000 yards of white and tan haversack cloth, 160,000 yards of khaki cloth or French blue grey, 20 tons of leather, sole or harness, etc."

The league aims at the expansion and protection of British trade throughout the world, and its operations on behalf of British industry, manufacturers, and merchants are to be world-wide. The motto of the organization, which is non-political in character, is "Support Home Industries." Its members bind themselves always to ask for, and other things being equal, to purchase articles produced or manufactured at home or in the colonies.

Banish Pimples And Eruptions

In the Spring Most People Need a Tonic Medicine

One of the surest signs that the blood is out of order is the pimples, unsightly eruptions and eczema that come frequently with the change from winter to spring. These prove that the long indoor life of winter has had its effect upon the blood, and that a tonic medicine is needed to put it right. Indeed there are few people who do not need a tonic at this season. Bad blood does not merely show itself in disfiguring eruptions. To this same condition is due attacks of rheumatism and lumbago; the sharp stabbing pains of sciatica and neuralgia; poor appetite and a desire to avoid exertion. You cannot cure these troubles by the use of purgative medicines—you need a tonic, and a tonic only, and among all medicines there is none can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for their tonic, life-giving, nerve-restoring powers. Every dose of this medicine makes new, rich blood which drives out impurities, stimulates every organ and brings a feeling of new health and energy to weak, tired, ailing men, women and children. If you are out of sorts give this medicine a trial and see how quickly it will restore the appetite, revive drooping spirits, and fill you with new, health-giving blood.

You can get these Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Feeding Prisoners of War

The British war office gives to its prisoners of war the following daily ration: Bread, one and one-half pounds; of biscuits, one pound; fresh or cold storage meat, three ounces; preserved meat, half ration; fresh vegetables, eight ounces; butter or margarine, one ounce; condensed milk, one-twentieth of a one pound tin; tea, one-half ounce or coffee, one ounce; sugar, two ounces; salt, one-half ounce.—Nurse.

Little Bobbie listened with deep interest to the story of the prodigal son. At the end of it he burst into tears.

"Why, what's the matter, Bobbie?" exclaimed his mother.

"I'm—I'm so sorry for that poor little calf," he sobbed. "He didn't do nuffin'!"

"Did you strike this man in an excess of irascibility?"

"No, sah; I done hit him in the stummock."

The Joy of Good Health Is Now Experienced

Nervousness, Dizzy Spells and Sleeplessness Are Now a Thing of the Past.

This is a cheerful letter from Mrs. Peacock, and it should bring joy to the heart of many a reader of this paper. Dizzy spells and sleeplessness are symptoms of exhausted nerves, and are the bug-bear of many women, who do not know just what treatment to use.

You can read Mrs. Peacock's letter and take courage, for she has proven that Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is a complete cure for these troubles. So pleased was she with the results obtained that she wants other women to know about this food cure. Mrs. Thomas Peacock, 23 Hixwatha Street, St. Thomas, Ont., and whose

Women who Work on Farms

Female Workers Employed on Farms in Scotland

In Scotland women, agricultural workers are a fairly numerous body. According to information based on the 1911 census, there were 14,987 women employed on farms in Scotland. The women outworkers in Scotland are almost exclusively confined to the counties south of the Tay. In the northern counties and the Highlands the women relatives of the crofter or small farmer may be seen at work in the fields, but except at the turnip-planting and the potato-lifting season the hired female outworker is practically unknown. In most parts the self-binder has displaced with female labor on the harvest field. South of the Tay, however, women are employed at different kinds of work. They work in the fields along with the men, gather weeds, spread farmyard manure, and hoe and single turnips. At potato gatherings, pulling and storing turnips, filling turnips into carts, and other jobs they also take their part. According to some returns obtained by officials of the Scottish Farm Servants' Union, it is stated that in West Lothian and Midlothian the usual rate of pay is from 9s to 10s per week; in East Lothian, 11s to 12s; in Roxburghshire, and the southwestern counties, 12s. The hours of labor are generally from nine to ten per day. A half-holiday has been secured on many farms, and in Midlothian and West Lothian it is now fairly general.

Ask for "Minard's" and take no other.

Anaesthetics for Horses

On the battlefield in Europe, horses are treated with just the same care and skill as is shown to the soldiers and are given chloroform and other anaesthetics before being operated upon by skilled officers. To every division and cavalry brigade is attached a mobile veterinary section, each consisting of one officer and twenty-two trained men of the A.V.C. The mobile section is divided into two sub-sections, one employed in collecting sick and wounded horses from the firing line and other places, while the other branch conveys the patients to the nearest railroad. Thence they are sent by train to the nearest base veterinary hospital, where they are treated according to the nature of their wounds or sickness.

Each hospital has accommodation for some thousand or more cases, and is equipped with every requisite for medical and surgical use. When sufficiently recovered the horses are drafted to the convalescent farm, where the cure is completed.

Miller's Worm Powders are a prompt relief from the attacks of worms in children. They are powerful in their action and, while leaving nothing to be desired as a worm expellant, have an invigorating effect upon the youthful system, remedying fever, biliousness, loss of appetite, sleeplessness, and other ailments that follow disorders caused by worms in the stomach and bowels.

No nation has a monopoly of courage. The German goes heroically to his death for an ignoble cause—and nothing in the world could be more tragic. The Serb and the Belgian, citizens of small but of no mean countries, fight valorously for the right to be Serbians and Belgians. The Russian is as steadfast and undaunted in the retreat as in the advance. The Frenchman has astonished the world in his splendid qualities of patience, stubbornness and persistence, qualities which must now be added to the verve and dash which have always been his nation's characteristics. The English, we are proud to know, still retains the splendid inability to know when he is beaten.—London Daily Express.

An old woman was severely reproved by her minister for bowing whenever the name of Satan was mentioned. Asked why she did so, she replied:

"Well, civility costs nothing, and you never know what'll happen."

Soldiers' Footwear

"Ability to March" First Requisite of Foot Soldier

Since the time when the brunt of battles was first borne by infantry, leading military authorities have subscribed to the proposition that "ability to march" was the first requisite of the foot soldier, and with the closer study of the psychology of war and the effect on the individual mind of the manifold conditions affecting the service, has come a realization that ability to march was by no means entirely dependent on the stamina and training of troops, but depended primarily on the type of footwear issued and the security of a proper fit in each individual case. It is thus the humble and oft time despised shoe may be even now deciding the fate of battles and the destiny of nations.

The great Napoleon recognized the importance of the shoe, and offered liberal rewards to any who should improve the type of footwear supplied the soldiers, or invent machinery that would increase the supply, but without result.

The "Iron Duke," Wellington, has asked what, in his opinion, was of first importance, in the equipment of the soldier, replied, "First, a good, serviceable pair of shoes; second, another good pair of shoes; and third, a pair of half-boots." He designed the boot which bore his name and which was adopted and worn in the British army for many years.

General Forrest, in his memoirs, says: "Success in battle goes to the general who gets the greatest number of men on the firing line first, and to this he might well have added, 'in good condition'—for it is well established that men who reach the firing line with blistered feet and tortured minds—for excoriated feet will upset the whole nervous system—are a menace rather than a help. It is such men who upset the best laid plans, for it is seldom indeed, that men so suffering will rush towards danger, although their lips may be entirely forgotten in the pained effort to escape it."

That the soldiers' footwear and its effect on his conduct have long been understood, at least in some circles, is shown in the quaint language of the following quotation from an old English encyclopedia: "What military man has reflected on the inconvenience of giving soldiers' boots or shoes made of leather, which are the best laid plans, for it is seldom indeed, that men so suffering will rush towards danger, although their lips may be entirely forgotten in the pained effort to escape it."

Asthma Overcome.—The triumph over asthma has assuredly come. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has proved the most positive blessing the victim of asthmatic attacks has ever known. Letters received from thousands who have tried it form a testimonial which leaves no room for doubt that here is a real remedy. Get it today from your dealer.

Silo Reasons

Many Are the Advantages to be Gained by the Use of Ensilage

1. By the use of a silo a succulent feed may be provided the year round, keeping up the milk flow of dairy cattle and fattening beef cattle.

2. Silage is the best and cheapest form in which to provide this sort of feed in winter.

3. Silage keeps cattle in more thrifty condition than other feeds.

4. Silage has a beneficial effect on the digestive organs of cattle.

5. Silage is very palatable, and stock eat it with relish.

6. There is less waste in feeding silage than in feeding fodder, because good silage properly fed is entirely consumed.

7. Through its health-giving qualities, silage improves the outward appearance of cattle and horses.

8. The same acreage devoted to a silage crop will support more cattle than it would, devoted to hay or other roughage.

9. Pasture acreage may be greatly reduced when silage is fed the year round, and more land can thus be brought into cultivation.

10. Growing of silage leaves land clear early in the season for planting fall and winter crops.

11. The silage system helps to maintain soil fertility and build up run-down soils.

12. On the same acreage, two cows can be kept on silage at a cost of keeping one on hay or other roughage.

13. Silage may be harvested in wet weather and when conditions are such that other crops could not be harvested without a total loss.

14. Green feed in the form of silage can be fed in summer to great advantage, in seasons when pastures have dried up.

15. Feed storage in silos is much cheaper than in hay barns, since a ton of silage requires less than half the space required by a ton of hay.

Meaning of Turkish Titles

"Pasha" is the only Turkish title conferred personally by the Sultan, and the only one which carries any precise rank.

Originally confined to princes of the blood, it is now conferred on military men, governors, etc., whose rank and merit are sufficiently high.

All other titles—Aga, Bey, Effendi, etc.—are conventional additions to names, and obey no hard-and-fast rule. Governors of provinces are Bey, so also is any person of rank, many military men, and government officials. An Aga might be one occupying a confidential position in the Sultan's seraglio or merely a retired official, an army officer, or a big landowner.

"She's crazy to get in to the upper ten, isn't she?"

"Crazy? Why, she'd ever reserve it on a sleeper!"

Your Liver is Clogged up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have no Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
Will put you right in a few days.
They do their duty.
Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, and Sick Headache.
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.
Genuine must bear Signature
W. D. Wood

Patching Battleships

Methods Used by Jack Tars to Repair Leaks in Battleships

After the conflict, Jack Tars have several methods of stopping the incoming water when a battleship has been hit below the water line. For instance, if a small hole has been made in the vessel's side, an apparatus like an umbrella is used. This is thrust through the hole, point first and then drawn back so that it will open like an umbrella—leaving the canvas outside.

Of course, the pressure of the water effectively forces the canvas against the ship's side, thus stopping the leak; but to make it more secure the handle of the umbrella, which is forged like a screw, is fastened by a nut inside.

In the case of a bigger leak—when the ship has been stove in below the water-line—a large mat made of canvas and oakum is used. This has to be fixed into position by means of ropes. But the fixing is not a very easy matter, as one rope has to be got right under the keel, to the other side, in order to drag the mat down to the hole. Two or three other ropes are also required at different angles to guide the mat to its right position.

She Soon Gained Forty Pounds

DAME BOUCHARD FOUND NEW HEALTH IN DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Now She Is Advising All Her Friends Who Suffer From Kidney Disease to Use Dodd's Kidney Pills

Portneuf, Hamilton Cove, Saguenay Co., Que.—(Special).—Perfectly cured by the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills, Dame Rene Bouchard, well known and highly respected here, is advising all her friends who suffer from kidney disease to use Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"When I commenced to take Dodd's Kidney Pills I was so run-down I only weighed eighty pounds," Dame Bouchard states. "I only took four boxes in all but they brought me back to health and now I weigh one hundred and twenty pounds. You may publish what I say if you wish, for Dodd's Kidney Pills have done wonders for me."

Dodd's Kidney Pills do wonders for run-down people because they cure the kidneys. Cured kidneys strain all the impurities, all the poison, out of the blood and the pure blood carries new nourishment, health and life to all parts of the body. That's why so many people say, "Dodd's Kidney Pills gave me a new lease of life."

Horse Talk

Pointers for Breeders, and For the Care of Horses

Patience, perfect control of temper and an even, musical voice are essentials in the proper training of a colt. The rapid cleaning up of all marketable horses of all types to supply the demand created by the war, makes it certain that good prices will be maintained for several years.

It takes three or four years to grow a colt to marketable age.

It seems a most opportune time for up-to-date farmers to start breeding some good colts.

There will also be an increasing demand for good mules.

Breeding of horses must be done intelligently, because there is no place in the market for a misfit.

The farmer must breed either a draught horse or a road horse.

If a farmer crosses a heavy and a light horse he will get only a plug.

Keep the stable floors even. Standing on uneven floors will cause blemishes and unsound legs, especially in colts.

Every horse, young or old, should exercise in harness or yard every day.

The secret of a successful feeder is that he never allows his horses to be thirsty.

Every horse should have a chance to drink.

Bearing on hard with the comb is not necessary when grooming a horse. The dust is mostly on the outer ends of the hair; brush lightly.

Many mothers have reason to bless Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, because it has relieved the little ones of suffering and made them healthy.

The Prussian family of von Buelow has announced the death of ten of its members in war. It is a striking sacrifice, but it probably can be matched in Great Britain, Austria, France or Russia. Whatever sinister part kings and castles have had in making wars, when wars are waging they have paid their full share.

In the present war the rate of mortality among officers is very high, and if hostilities continue as many experts have prophesied, the aristocracies of all belligerent countries will be bled to exhaustion.

"Did you ever see a company of women perfectly silent?"

"Yes, once. Someone had asked which of those present was the oldest."

W. U. 1054

Marketing Eggs

Dirty Fillers and Egg Cases Should Not Be Used

The Dominion Live Stock Commissioner, Mr. John Bright, sends out the following:

I am informed that the quality of millions of dozens of eggs is seriously impaired each year and many eggs made absolutely worthless through the use of dirty, filthy egg cases and fillers.

The season is at hand when every case that can be hunted up is ordinarily put into use to move the increasing supply of eggs. Many of these cases will have been stored in damp cellars or warehouses or perhaps left out in the open since last season, with the old fillers and pads left in and perhaps without even the bad or broken eggs removed.

It is important, therefore, that all egg dealers insist that their shippers should not use filthy, musty egg cases, nor soiled, damp or musty fillers, and also that the excluder or other material used for padding be clean and sweet.

Considering present conditions and the fact that Canada's reputation with respect to eggs dependent upon the quality of Canadian eggs that go into storage this spring, it is the duty of every Canadian engaged in the egg trade, whether farmer, collector, country storekeeper or produce dealer to see that the eggs marketed during the next two months are of the highest possible quality and that they are stored in the best possible condition.

I cured a horse of the Mange with MINARD'S LINIMENT.

CHRISTOPHER SAUNDERS, Dalhousie.

I cured a horse, badly torn by a pitch fork, with MINARD'S LINIMENT.

St. Peter's, C.B. EDW. LINLIEF.

I cured a horse of a bad swelling by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

Bathurst, N.B. THOS. W. PAYNE.

Dairying Increases Profits

Profits of Dairying Are Greater Than Any Other Phase of Farming

An average good cow will change three tons of hay and one ton of grain into 300 pounds of butter, 6,500 pounds of skim milk, one calf, and six tons of manure during about eight months. Granting that the skim milk, the calf and the manure pay for all the work, the 300 pounds of butter is the pay for the feed. This butter produced during the winter will bring an income of about \$90. The three tons of hay and one ton of grain would have to sell at a pretty high price to bring any such income. Twenty dollars for the one ton of grain and \$24 for the three tons of hay, or a total of \$44, are considered to be about what this feed would bring on the market.

According to investigations a dairy cow will recover for human food about 25 per cent. of the dry digestible matter consumed; a hog about 15 per cent.; and a steer about 3 per cent. This, together with the fact that a good dairy cow will return \$2 worth of produce for every \$1 worth of feed consumed, should cause farmers working expensive land and raising expensive feeds to carefully study the various phases of the work of the dairy cow.

The profits of a dairy cow can be anticipated and realized with a greater degree of surety than in any other one phase of farming. A mature cow of grain and a high price for the same may be anticipated, but seasons and conditions of market may be unfavorable. Feed for cows, and a good, steady market, are as sure as anything can be in this world of production.

The returns are also quick. The feed may be fed to the cow and the product realized on, even during the same day. This avoids credits at the store and in the banks. The dairyman is independent and is able to pay his debts as fast as he contracts them.

The peevish one at the corner table summoned his waiter and to him addressed this novel inquiry:

"Waiter, have you ever been to the Zoo?"

"Why, sir, do you ask?" returned the astonished servant.

"I repeat," demanded the peevish one, "Have you ever visited the Zoo?"

"Well, no, sir."

"You ought to go," growled the peevish one. "You'd enjoy seeing the tortoises whizz past!"

There was trouble in the back yard. Six-year-old Billy had thrown a stone at a boy in the next yard, who was making vociferous threats.

"If you throw another stone," he yelled, "I'll sick my dog on you!"

"Huh!" replied Billy, "if you come into my yard, I'll sick my mother on you!"

A More Important Question

"Darling," he said, "would you continue to love me if I were to be poor all my life?"

"My dear," she asked him, "would you continue to love me if you should chance to become a millionaire?"

THE change may be critical and cause untold suffering in after-life. The modern young woman is often a "bundle of nerves"—"high strung"—fainting spells—emotional—frequently blue and dissatisfied with life. Such girls should be helped over this distressing stage in life—by a woman's tonic and nerve—has proven successful for over 40 years.

Josef Hofmann tells of an eminent pianist who was giving a recital, and of a man who presented two tickets and was held up by the ticket taker.

"You cannot go in," said the latter, "you are not in fit condition."

"Didn't I pay for my tickets? Aren't they in order?"

"They're perfectly in order, but the truth is you're drunk."

"Drunk! Drunk!" said the other, placing the tickets solemnly in his pocket. "Of course I'm drunk. If I weren't drunk, would I come to a piano recital?"

From Girlhood

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

is a keen enemy to the physical weakness of woman. A medicine prepared by regular graduated physician of unusual experience in treating woman's diseases—carefully adapted to work in harmony with the most delicate feminine constitution.

It is now obtainable in liquid or sugar-coated tablet form at the drug store—or send 50 one-cent stamps for a trial box to Buffalo.

Every woman may write fully and confidentially to Dr. Pierce and his staff of physicians and Specialists at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., and may be sure that her case will receive careful, conscientious, confidential consideration, and that experienced medical advice will be given to her free of charge.

DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar coated, tiny granules easy to take, no candy.

From Womanhood

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

is a keen enemy to the physical weakness of woman. A medicine prepared by regular graduated physician of unusual experience in treating woman's diseases—carefully adapted to work in harmony with the most delicate feminine constitution.

It is now obtainable in liquid or sugar-coated tablet form at the drug store—or send 50 one-cent stamps for a trial box to Buffalo.

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DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar coated, tiny granules easy to take, no candy.

More than half a Century of Quality is behind every package of

BENSON'S Corn Starch

Always order by the name BENSON'S in order to get what you want

Practically every grocer in Canada has BENSON'S.

AN OUNCE OF PREVENTION is worth a pound of cure when it comes to looking after harness.

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

Keeps leather soft and prevents cracking and the possibility of accident due to dried out traces, etc.

Dealers Everywhere

The IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY Limited

Made in Canada

75 YEARS OF PROGRESS The Old Reliable

CUNARD LINE

Established 1840

The World's Fastest Weekly Mail and Passenger Ocean Service.

Reduction Second Cabin Rates

\$50 ALL STEAMERS INCLUDING LUSITANIA

The largest, fastest and finest steamer now in service.

Prepaid passages arranged. Apply to any R.R. or S.S. Agent, or

THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., 304 MAIN STREET WINNIPEG

Sore Absolutely Painless
Corns No cutting, no plaster, no pads to press the sore spot. Putnam's Extractor makes the corn go without pain. Takes out the sting over-night. Never fails—leaves no scar. Get a 25c bottle of Putnam's Corn Extractor today.

How Wars Are Won

Wars are not won today by the superior valor of the men of any one nation or a coalition of nations. The average man will face danger, no matter what his nationality may be. He will advance or retreat when ordered, whether he is a German, Russian, Frenchman or Briton. Victory or defeat depends on more than bravery. They rest on equipment, training and resources. Modern rifles, artillery and means of transportation have

GROCERIES MEATS FLOUR AND FEED

Save Money

Take advantage of last week's drop in flour, and buy the best in the market at the lowest figure in town.

"QUAKER" FLOUR, per cwt. - - - - - \$4.00
"ECONOMY" FLOUR, per cwt. - - - - - \$3.75

Our usual cut prices on all groceries and provision lines.

Vulcan Meat & Grocery
G. L. Johanson | Store | Proprietor

CALGARY :: INDUSTRIAL :: EXHIBITION JUNE 30th TO JULY 7th 1915

GENEROUS PRIZES FOR ALL
DEPARTMENTS
ENTRIES CLOSE JUNE 15, 1915

SPECIAL TRANSPORTATION
ARRANGEMENTS FOR EXHIBITS
REDUCED PASSENGER RATES

GRAND MILITARY PROGRAM

Six or seven thousand soldiers from all parts of the province in training at the Sarcee Camp will help with each program, giving Physical Exercises, Bayonet and Rifle Drill, March Past, Etc. A different battalion each performance.

SEVEN MILITARY BANDS

Will provide music and participate in the MILITARY TATTOO making the greatest aggregation of musical talent ever assembled in the west.

MAGNIFICENT FIREWORKS

Program including the scenic production over 300 feet long, illustrating the great feat of the Allies—"Forcing the Dardanelles".

GOOD VAUDEVILLE ENTERTAINMENT AND RACES

Held with the co-operation of the Alberta Department of Agriculture, the Dominion Department of Agriculture and the City of Calgary, by the Calgary Industrial Exhibition Co., Limited.

E. J. DEWEY, President

E. L. RICHARDSON, Manager.

PLYMOUTH BINDER TWINE

Place your orders early. We have just purchased 2 Carloads of **Plymouth Binder Twine** for delivery on or about July 15th.

We have just secured the Agency for
"ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" FLOUR
The Best Flour in the World
Oatmeal, Wheatflour, Shorts and Bran, Grass
Seeds of all Kinds

Remember the Usual Stock

Vulcan Co-operative Company.

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Lowest Rates

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WE RECOMMEND

The Canada Security Assurance Co.

FOR HAIL

The Farmers Western Mutual

FOR FIRE

CALL AND TALK IT OVER

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY

Flood & Whicher

VULCAN - - - - - ALBERTA

W.C.T.U. Convention

The 3rd Annual Convention of the Calgary District W.C.T.U. was held at Nanton, on Wednesday and Thursday 2nd and 3rd of June. Mrs. H. M. McCallum, Calgary, presiding. At the executive meeting, held at the home of Mrs. J. Harvey Curtis, committees were appointed, the program revised, and it was decided to use the new campaign songs during Convention.

At 10:45 on Wednesday morning the first session was opened by Mrs. McCallum, assisted by Mrs. Cassells and Mrs. Morey. Campaign songs were sung followed by an excellent paper written and read by Mrs. Cassells on "The Importance of the Local Superintendent," discussion on the subject brought out the need for specialists in the different departments, if the work of the Unions is to be carried on with any degree of success. An address by Mrs. L. C. McKinney on Personal Consecration brought the morning's session to a close.

The afternoon session opened at two o'clock and work was resumed by delegates reading reports of their Unions throughout the district all report good work being done, and financial statements very satisfactory.

Some of the Unions are doing big work particularly the Calgary Unions.

The President's address followed with an appeal to every worker to be up and doing all she can to help in the fight now going on for Prohibition.

Mrs. Grace Boyd spoke on L.T.L. Work; a subject in which she is always thoroughly at home, and her call to mothers to educate the children in good Temperance principles was certainly worth hearing and heeding.

The Treasurer's report showed the District in good financial standing, and the reading of other reports was followed by a three fold paper on The Effects of Sabbath Desecration on, first, The Home, 2nd, The Church, 3rd, The Nation, written by Mrs. Richards, Granum, Mrs. Dickenson, High River.

Then, Mrs. Snider, Langdon, who is a most enthusiastic supporter of Woman's Suffrage, told the delegates some of the good things that can be done with the Woman's Vote.

A very short paper from Mrs. Wright, Gleichen, headed the discussion on "How can our Unions help in the present Campaign," and this brought Wednesday afternoon session to a close.

In the evening a most successful Gold Medal Contest was held. The contestants, Masters Willard Haig, Alfred Edland, Arthur Haig, all from Claresholm, Willie Cassells, Mack Fawcett, Calgary, Miss Maud Walters, Nanton, Dorothy Copeland, Langdon, were all well prepared but the judges, Miss McKinney, Calgary, Mrs. Steeves, Claresholm, Mr. McLean, Nanton, in some mysterious way found that they must award the medal to Master Willard Haig, which was duly presented by Mrs. Grace Boyd. Solos were sung by Miss Ruth McKay and Miss Hanna, High River, followed by a rousing address from Mrs. L. C. McKinney, to a most attentive audience who crowded every part of the large hall. The Nanton Band gave several fine selections, and led the large audience in singing God Save the King. Mayor Hallett on behalf of the town gave the Convention a warm welcome to which Mrs. Boyd replied.

Thursday morning's session was a very busy one, every moment being filled up. "Delegates opinions on the value of press work" brought out some interesting facts and discussion, and then it was moved and carried that the following resolution be put on record:

Resolved, that We, The Women of the Calgary District W.C.T.U. in Convention assembled, wish to voice our appreciation of the fearless stand taken by the "Morning Albertan" on the Temperance Question, and, as Mothers heartily thank the Editor for the fight he is making to rid our province of the curse of the Drink Traffic, thus making this a safe place for our boys and girls to grow up in.

Thursday afternoon's session was again a very busy one, a long discussion on "Teaching of Sex Hygiene," a—When shall it begin. b—Where shall it be taught. c—How can present methods be improved, was followed by the reading of an excellent paper by Mrs. Gustus, Calgary. A solo by Mrs. Steeves, and the election of the following officers and superintendents:

President, Mrs. H. M. McCallum, Calgary; Vice President, Mrs. Cassells, Calgary, Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. J. B. Fulton, High River; Recording Secretary, Mrs. B. F. Steeves, Claresholm; Treasurer, Mrs. J. Harvey Curtis, Nanton; Supt. of Medal Contests, Mrs. McKay, High River; Supt. of White Ribbon Bulletin, Miss Caswell, Okotoks; Supt. of Scientific Temperance Instruction, Mrs. Armstrong, Nanton.

Mrs. Henderson, Calgary, paper "What We Need in Alberta," and two invitations for next Convention, one from Granum, and one from Okotoks brought the afternoon session to a close. Okotoks invitation to take the Convention next year was accepted, a word of appreciation and thanks was then extended to the Nanton ladies for their trouble and great kindness. A banquet had been given both evenings to the delegates at which 37 ladies sat down; an auto ride had been planned, but was made impossible by inclement weather, and many other arrangements were most successfully carried out for the comfort of those attending Convention, Mrs. Hallett replied for Nanton Union and after forming a White Ribbon Chain and singing "Blest be the tie that binds" the Convention closed.

School of Agriculture

Owing to the abundance of moisture in the southern part of the Province, the grain crops are much above the average. As a result the Provincial School of Agriculture situated on the Demonsration Farm at Claresholm will be overcrowded when the term opens October 28 h, 1915.

To accommodate the large number of students that will be present a new building for live stock and agronomy will be built this summer. Additions will also be made to the staff.

Applications are being received daily. Prospective students therefore should make application at once to W. J. Stephen for admission to the school.

The course is entirely free. The only expense in connection with it is for room, board and books.

The International Supply Company will join with two other large corporations and enlarge their plant at Medicine Hat to conduct manufacturing of building material on a large scale.

Rehall Orderlies keep the bowels regular and healthy. Their action is gentle, mild and soothing. Sold only by D. C. Jones, The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

JUDICIAL SALE OF FARM PROPERTY

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE of a Judgment and final Order for Sale in the action of The Manufacturers Life Insurance Company against John N. Olson, there will be offered for sale by public auction on Saturday, the 19th day of June, A.D., 1915, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, at the Imperial Hotel, in the Village of Vulcan, by John Tompkins, Auctioneer, the following property namely: the South-West Quarter of Section Four (4) in Township Sixteen (16) Range Twenty-four (24) West of the 4th meridian in the Province of Alberta, subject to the reservations and conditions in the grant from the Crown or is the existing Certificate of Title.

The Vendor is informed that the soil is black loam on clay subsoil.

The said premises contain 160 acres more or less all of which are good arable lands, 110 acres thereof has been broken and has been under cultivation. The land is all fenced with a barbed wire fence of two strands, and has the following buildings:

House 22 x 22 and lean to 10 x 12 roofed with shingles, worth about \$150.00.
Chicken House worth about \$10
Granary 8 x 12 shingle roof and lean to 14 x 14.5 feet, no roof, worth about \$30.00.

The said premises are situated six miles from Vulcan and ten miles from Champion. Post Office at Kircaldy, 2½ miles from the said premises, a school at Long Coulee, Auburn Loch, 4 miles distant from the said premises and a Church at Long Coulee, Auburn Loch, 4 miles distant from the said premises. The said premises are easily accessible by good roads from Vulcan and Champion where good markets for sale of produce may be obtained. The above property will be offered for sale subject to the Conditions of Sale which will be read at the time of sale and also subject to the Reserve Bid.

10% of the amount of the purchase price will be paid at the time of the sale and the balance as follows:

15% without interest into Court within 90 days from the date of the sale and the balance with interest at 8% into Court as follows:

25% in one year, 25% in two years, and the balance in three years from the date of sale.

For full particulars and conditions of sale apply to John Tompkins, Auctioneer High River, or to Alec A. Ballachee, of High River, Solicitor for the Plaintiff.

Dated at High River this 12th day of May, A.D. 1915.

ALEC A. BALLACHEE,
Solicitor for the Plaintiff.
Approved L. F. Clarry,
M.C. M1943



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